

THE BOURBON NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY IN THE YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1918

VOLUME XXXVII

INFLUENZA SITUATION WELL IN HAND IN PARIS.

With the full and earnest co-operation of all the merchants and citizens of the city the influenza situation here is well in hand, and being well taken care of by the local authorities and members of the City Board of Health. Following the order of the State Board of Health, as outlined in a brief way in Tuesday's issue of The NEWS, all public gatherings were suspended, the movie houses closed and every precaution taken to safeguard the public against any spread of the disease.

The Mayor had the street cleaning department out flushing Main street Wednesday night, and yesterday the sprinkling of all the streets in the city was begun, to be kept up daily, in order to keep down as far as possible the dust clouds that may contribute no little to the spread of bronchial troubles. Barrels for the reception of dead leaves were placed on all the residence streets throughout the city so as to prevent the burning of leaves. Yesterday the post rooms were ordered closed by an official order of the Health Board. Club meetings and gatherings of a similar nature have been suspended. Cards containing a warning to patrons not to linger or congregate in business houses were printed and placed in prominent places in the stores, soft drink and soda water stands, restaurants and all other places where the patronage is large enough to draw people in considerable numbers. Warnings against spitting on the floors, on the sidewalk and other public places, etc., were also issued and will be strictly enforced. Reduced to simple terms the City Board of Health, acting in conjunction with all the sanitary agencies and the authorities of Paris, have taken every possible precaution to prevent the disease assuming serious proportions in the city.

There is no cause for alarm, according to the members of the Board of Health. There is no disguising the fact that the disease is here, though only a few cases have been reported, and those have been isolated, and well taken care of. By observing the simple directions set forth in another article in this issue of The NEWS, and with a reasonable exercise of common sense, in treating immediately the first appearance of a cold, from which influenza may develop, our people may come unscathed through the ordeal that is devastating the army camps and threatening the civilian population.

Yesterday morning the following official order was issued by the Board of Health to Chief of Police Link, and by him served on the proprietors of the soda water and soft drink stands:

"You are hereby ordered to notify proprietors of all soda water and soft drink stands to sterilize by boiling (not merely rinsing in hot water) each and every tumbler, cup, dish, spoon, etc., after each using. In the meantime, as soon as possible, they must supply themselves with paper tumblers, dishes, cups and spoons, which shall be used exclusively at all times in the future.

"They shall see to it that there be no loafing or congregating about their places and urge patrons to that effect by prominently displayed signs to that end.

"We trust everyone will co-operate with us in carrying out the above order, to the letter, as it may preclude the necessity of closing such places, as has been done in many other cities, but if conditions do not mend, this will necessarily follow here.

BOARD OF HEALTH, Paris, Ky.

Among the events scheduled for this week and which have been postponed as a precautionary measure is the dedication of the new Presbyterian church, which was to have been held next Sunday; meetings of church societies and literary, art and social clubs; prayer meetings, and various others where many people would congregate. These events will remain in statu quo until the official ban has been lifted and Paris once more resumes its normal condition.

The closing of the movie houses, pool rooms and other places on Main street has made a decided difference in the appearance of that thoroughfare. Absence of the bright lights, the crowds on the street make the old town look very dead after night. No doubt the patrons of the movies will fully appreciate them all the more when the ban is lifted and the films are rolled off again.

Owing to the Health Board order and the influenza scare, the lecture by Rev. G. R. Combs, of the Paris Methodist Church, scheduled for to-night at the Ruddle Mills Church, has been indefinitely postponed.

Mrs. H. Clay Howard, who is in charge of the Surgical Dressings room of the Red Cross, was informed by a message from headquarters Tuesday that the sewing rooms are not included in the provisions of the State Board of Health's order.

The work which is an important branch of the war activity, will continue uninterrupted, and the rooms will be open. All sanitary precautions have been taken to make the rooms safe for the workers.

HEALTH BOARD PLACARDS. THE NEWS Job Rooms are prepared to furnish merchants with the placards—"Don't Stand Around," "Glasses Sterilized," etc., issued by the City Board of Health. Eat and drink only where you know that things are sanitary and clean.

GRAVE FEARS EXPRESSED FOR FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN.

The following telegram from Mr. J. Will Stoll, of Lexington, District Chairman for the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign in this section, was received yesterday by Mr. Buckner Woodford, Bourbon County Chairman. It shows that the Government is deeply concerned for the success of the Fourth Liberty Loan, and that the country is not measuring up to expectations. The telegram explains:

Lexington, Oct. 10. "Buckner Woodford, Chairman, Paris. "In a lengthy telegram from the Director of the War Loan Department at Washington grave fear is expressed that the Fourth Liberty Loan will fail unless extra efforts are put forth to induce wealthy people to increase their subscriptions. Kentucky knows no such word as fail. Please redouble your efforts in the direction of large subscriptions, soliciting every man and woman in your county, known to be able to make larger subscriptions, and keep accurate account of those refusing, this for future use. This is the one loan in which banks using good business judgment can well afford to invest heavily. In case there is any danger of your county not filling its quota, suggest that you have a meeting of bankers and lay this message before them. Please see that this message is placed before every bank in your county. The influenza scare has hampered our canvass very much here. Necessary expenses of personal solicitors will be borne by our Committee. Keep detail account and send to me. Your country is calling on you for a supreme effort. Our dead and wounded boys across the waters are appealing to us for support. Don't let it be said that Kentucky has not done her share. Please get this in your local papers.

J. WILL STOLL, Chairman."

LABOR NEEDED TO SAVE CAMP KNOX FOR THE STATE.

State wide calls have gone out to save Camp Henry Knox at Stithport for Kentucky. The authorities at Washington have served notice on Kentucky that if they cannot produce the necessary laborers to complete the work at Stithport before cold weather sets in the permanent artillery camp, representing an investment of probably \$20,000,000, will be withdrawn from the State entirely.

Immediately upon receipt of these notices the State officials got busy and are sending out calls to all individuals and business organizations, pointing out the emergency and frankly declaring that if Kentucky carpenters and laborers do not volunteer for the work, a forcible draft must be made effective at once on non-essential industries.

Work at Camp Knox has dragged for lack of men and winter time is now approaching with thousands of the soldiers still in tents at Camp Taylor and West Point. The ultimatum is that barracks to hold not less than 30,000 men and stables for 15,000 animals must be completed by December 1. It is the belief of the Kentucky authorities that even more is possible and that enough workmen can be secured to erect buildings that will accommodate possibly 50,000 men with stable accommodations for 30,000 animals. This is the present patriotic determination.

"Every man and every business organization," said Mr. Pratt Dale, Federal Director of the U. S. Employment Service, "must realize that this is an emergency that calls for immediate action. Under the authority given us from Washington, if the men in sufficient numbers do not volunteer their services we must draft them from the non-essential industries. It is up to the employers of laborers throughout Kentucky immediately to displace men in their employment with women and recommend their employees to enter the service at Camp Knox."

WORK AT CAMP KNOX HAS DRAGGED FOR LACK OF MEN AND WINTER TIME IS NOW APPROACHING WITH THOUSANDS OF THE SOLDIERS STILL IN TENTS AT CAMP TAYLOR AND WEST POINT.

FAMOUS STOCK FARM AT AUCTION TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)

The public sale of the famous Sister Mary Stock Farm, will occur on the premises on the Bethlehem pike, on to-morrow (Saturday) morning, October 12, at 10 o'clock. This is one of the most valuable farms in Bourbon county and tobacco growers are offered an exceptional opportunity to make money by acquiring one of the valuable tracts. Attend the sale. It will be a rare opportunity to purchase a tract of valuable land that will make money for the purchaser.

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NO MEETINGS OF I. O. O. F. ON ACCOUNT OF INFLUENZA.

We are requested to state that there will be no meetings of the I. O. O. F. Lodge until further notice on account of the prevalence of the influenza epidemic. Due notice will be given of the next meeting night.

INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC SPREADING BUT NO OCCASION FOR ALARM.

Whether or not the influenza epidemic, which has caused such serious concern throughout the country during the past ten days, is of German origin, the number of its victims has recently been increasing so rapidly that drastic steps throughout the nation are called for.

The latest reports from the Surgeon-General's Office unfortunately indicate that the disease is as yet unchecked in army camps, and the Government has considered it necessary to issue a warning to the effect that all possible steps should be taken to prevent conditions from becoming even worse throughout the country. It is said that reports have been received showing the presence of the disease in every one of our States except five. The condition at our National Capital, with its overcrowded offices, hotels and dwellings, has become so serious that extraordinary precautions are being taken—orders have been issued for the immediate closing of theatres, dance halls, moving picture houses, etc. The Washington schools have already been closed, and the time of opening stores and public offices is also regulated in order to avoid dangerous crowded conditions on street cars. The hospitals are already filled to capacity and two buildings have been taken over by the Government to be used for the treatment of war workers. Unfortunately the condition in Washington seems to be a fair example of the situation in overcrowded districts in many other parts of the country, and there is need for complete co-operation on the part of the public authorities and people generally wherever the disease appears.

While the situation in certain parts of the country is undoubtedly acute on account of the large number of persons affected, fortunately, in almost every instance the health authorities are proving able to check the spread of the disease shortly after its appearance; moreover the percentage of fatalities is comparatively small. People should bear in mind the fact, however, that there is no reason for any great alarm or panic about the matter, it is important for everyone to exercise unusual care as to health and all should aid in every way to prevent the spread of the epidemic and to combat it wherever it appears.

The most important precautions against the disease are said to be to avoid crowded conditions and over-eating. Coughing, sneezing or expectorating in the presence of others is also dangerous, since the disease is highly infectious.

FOR SALE.

Ohio Fultz Seed Wheat, thoroughly cleaned. CHAS. S. BRENT & BRO. (30 Aug-18)

BURNING LEAVES A MENACE TO HEALTH.

Now approaches the season of the year when the dainty housekeeper or caretaker waxes wroth over Nature's presumption in littering their yards with falling leaves from trees and shrubbery. Yet it is part of Nature's plan to restore to the earth what she has taken from it, but the super-neat housekeeper only sees in it another occasion for needless worry and the use of broom and rake.

But, as Luke McLuke says, "what we started out to say" was that people who burn leaves in the streets and in their yards are unconsciously or wilfully violating an ordinance expressly made to cover such matters. Physicians and health authorities all over the country have decided that one of the commonest causes of diphtheria and kindred throat and bronchial trouble is the smoke from burning leaves.

The City Board of Health has asked that this practice be discontinued in this city. It is a needless one. Leaves make excellent fertilizer, and can be conserved in some way and thus contribute to the common good. Last season this plea was made by City Health Officer A. H. Keller, the result being a ready response on the part of the people of Paris. Dead leaves by the ton were hauled away and stored in places from which they were afterward taken and spread on lawns after Nature's plan.

This year let's follow the good plan of last year. Don't burn the dead leaves. Don't be a contributing factor to the spread of diphtheria or any other disease. Don't fill your own house or that of your neighbor with the pungent, acrid smoke from burning leaves. It is a menace to public health, and as such recognized and prohibited by the enactment of ordinance.

Barrels and boxes were placed on the streets yesterday by direction of the Street Committee of the City Council and the Health Board, for the reception of dead leaves. Citizens of Paris were requested to dump their dead leaves in these receptacles, which were carried away and dumped.

COAL HEATERS—FUEL SAVERS. NOW'S THE TIME TO BUY.

For the best coal heater, get the Hot Blast, it saves fuel and gives more heat. We have a limited supply. Better buy now.

A. F. WHEELER & CO.

APPEAL COURT NEWS.

In the Court of Appeals at Frankfort, Wednesday, in the case of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. vs. Briggs, on appeal from the Bourbon Circuit Court, the appellant filed a reply brief with notice. This was a damage suit filed against the L. & N. by Briggs for injuries sustained while working at the Third Street freight station in Paris.

— WE KNOW NOW —

YOUR SUIT FOR FALL IS READY

Clothes, like everything else, will cost you more money than you have been paying in the past. Buy the best clothes you can afford to-day. It is the course of true economy and service to the nation.

Stein-Bloch and Michael-Sterns Suits and Overcoats

are tailored and made from pure all-wool cloth, and when you select a Suit or Overcoat from our store you economize as well as protect yourself in buying good, dependable merchandise from a reliable store.

We Are Showing a Beautiful Selection of Patterns and Colors

in Men's and Young Men's Clothes—fancy greens, browns, greys, tans, fancy plaids, stripes and herring-bone weaves.

Make Your Selection Early.

MITCHELL & BLAKEMORE

Stetson Hats, Manhattan Shirts
Nettleton and Dr. Reed's Cushion Sole Shoes

IN THE SERVICE OF THEIR COUNTRY.

Lieut. Frank L. McCarthy, of the U. S. Army, a son of the late Banker P. I. McCarthy, of Paris, who was the guest of his aunt, Miss Julia McCarthy, and other Paris relatives Sunday, has returned to Camp at Leon Springs, Texas.

Mrs. J. A. Lenox, of this city, has heard from her son, Corporal Carl Lenox, in a letter from Camp Gordon, near Atlanta, Ga. The letter stated that he had arrived there safely, and was well pleased with the situation and with his quarters.

In the list of Lexington and Fayette county men whose names appear in the drawing for the next draft are those of former Bourbon County men: Walker Muir Nelson, Allie Shindlebower, Robert C. Frakes, Preston H. White and Sherman Parker.

Henry Tucker, a former Paris boy, grandson of the late Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Tucker, wrote to relatives here announcing his safe arrival overseas. Young Tucker is in the U. S. Signal Corps. He was before enlisting in the service, employed in the Postal telegraph office in Cincinnati.

"Well, safe and happy," was the contents of a telegram received Tuesday by Mrs. C. M. Clay from her son, John Harris Clay, now overseas. Mr. Clay embarked on an Eastern port ten days ago for France. His brother, Lieut. Cassius M. Clay, is at home on a furlough.

Mrs. J. F. Hill, of this city, received a letter from her son, Smith Hill, in France, stating that he was confined to the Base Hospital, but that he would soon be out again. Hill has been in France six months. He took part in the big drive that has been going on against the Huns recently.

Among the reported cases of influenza sufferers at Camp Meade, Md., is Private Elmer Gravens, of near Little Rock, this county. Upon receiving telegraphic information of young Craven's illness, his father, Mr. Lee R. Gravens, telegraphed his daughter, Miss Stella Gravens, then visiting in Danville, Va., to go to her brother's bedside.

Dr. A. H. Keller, former City Health Officer, who recently volunteered for medical duty at the Nitro, W. Va., munition plant writes of his arrival there and of his induction into active service. "The Spanish influenza has appeared there in epidemic form, and all available physicians and nurses are being used to combat the plague."

A message was received Wednesday by relatives stating that Private Robert Rice, of North Middletown, was ill with influenza at Camp Meade, Md. His mother, Mrs. J. T. Rice, and brother, Mr. Luther Rice, accompanied by Dr. L. R. Henry, of North Middletown, left Wednesday, for the camp.

A cablegram to Mrs. Henry Judy, of near Paris, from her brother, Lieut. J. W. Waller, formerly of this city, Wednesday announced his safe arrival overseas and that he was well and feeling fine. Before his introduction into the army, Lieut. Waller was in the employ of a big concern in Chattanooga, Tenn., in the capacity of Civil Engineer.

The name of Caleb Feeback, Millersburg, Ky., appeared in the casualty list in the daily papers of Tuesday, as having been severely wounded in action overseas. A telegram to his mother at Millersburg, confirmed the report as authentic. Young Feeback was slightly wounded in a previous engagement with the Huns.

Mrs. Kate Clark, of Paris, received a letter Tuesday from a hospital nurse at Camp Lee, Va., stating that Major Richard Clark, of the Army Dental Corps, was under her care as an influenza sufferer at the Base Hospital. The letter stated that Maj. Clark had the disease in a mild form, and was already improving, and that there was no cause for alarm in his condition.

An advance along the line of promotion has come to Robert Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. S. Jones, of North Middletown. From Lieutenant he has been promoted to the rank of Captain. Capt. Jones saw eight months' service with the Allied armies in France as a member of the American Expeditionary Force, but was recalled to America to become an instructor at Camp Hancock, near Augusta, Ga.

Corporal Sherman R. Snapp, of Camp Lewis, Washington State, arrived in Paris Monday for a five days' visit with his mother, Mrs. Alyce Snapp, and his brothers, Mrs. Elbridge L. Snapp and Mr. Dennis V. Snapp, and his sisters, Misses Gladys, Edna and Elizabeth Snapp.

Corporal Snapp has been to Leakeville, N. C., where he accompanied the body of John W. Hodges, aged twenty-five years, a wagoner in the Army, who was accidentally killed at Camp Lewis, on Sept. 25.

Corporal Snapp, who was for several months Interview Clerk in the Muster Office at Camp Lewis, was recently promoted to the position of Chief Clerk in the Personnel Office at the Camp Headquarters at Camp Lewis.

REMARKABLE DELIVERANCE OF JUDGE MAKES CLEAR MEANING OF LOYALTY

[The Outlook.] (The Rev. J. Fontana, pastor of the German Evangelical Church, New Salem, North Dakota, was recently tried at Bismarck, in that State. He was charged with having uttered from time to time seditious language for the purpose of interfering with the military activities of the Government. The presiding judge was Charles F. Amidon, of the United States District Court, District of North Dakota. The jury returned a verdict of guilty against Mr. Fontana on August 15. United States Attorney Hildreth moved for sentence on August 19. In passing sentence Judge Amidon said in part what follows.—Editors The Outlook.)

You received your final papers as a citizen in 1898. By the oath which you then took you renounced and abjured all allegiance to Germany and to the Emperor of Germany, and swore that you would bear true faith and allegiance to the United States. What did that mean? That you would set about earnestly growing an American soul and put away your German soul. That is what your oath of allegiance meant. Have you done that? I do not think you have. You have cherished everything German, prayed German, read German, sung German. Every thought of your mind and every emotion of your heart through all these years, has been German. If you were set down in Prussia to-day, you would be in harmony with your environment. It would fit you just as a flower fits the leaf and stem of the plant on which it grows. You have influenced others who have been under your ministry to do the same thing. You said you would cease to cherish your German soul. That meant that you would begin the study of American life and history, that you would open your mind and heart to all of its influences, that you would try to understand its ideals and purposes and love them, that you

(Continued on Page 7)

CITY BOARD OF HEALTH ISSUES INFLUENZA WARNING

A Precaution: To prevent the presence and spread of epidemic influenza the City Board of Health suggests that people who suffer from pain in the head, eye, back and in other parts of the body, accompanied by general lassitude or weakness, chilly sensation, a sudden rise of temperature, with some discharge from nostrils, eyes red and a slight cough, should not go into crowded places, e. g., picture shows, churches, cars, etc.

When sneezing or coughing do not neglect to protect the other person by using handkerchief at mouth or nostrils.

Plenty of fresh air, good food, regular hours and habits will go far towards the protection of the community against the probable dangers of the above disease.

A. H. KELLER, City Health Officer.

MARTIN DOYLE FARM AT AUCTION SATURDAY, OCT. 12.

The fine stock farm so long owned by Mr. Martin Doyle, and known as the Sister Mary Stock Farm, near Paris, will be sold at auction to-morrow (Saturday), October 12, at 10 o'clock. This land certainly is what the tobacco growers are looking for and is going to be sold in three tracts. This is an exceptional opportunity to buy first class land that will make plenty of money. Attend the sale to-morrow.

TEMPERANCE TO BE OBSERVED IN STATE SCHOOLS.

Friday, October 25, has been set apart by V. O. Gilbert, State Superintendent of Public Instruction as official Temperance Day in the public schools of Kentucky. His department has prepared and forwarded to the teachers a suggestive program, containing a number of temperance suggestions for the children to memorize. The schoolhouses are ordered decorated with the flags of the allied nations, the poems and recitations contained in the program will be given to the children to learn, so that a very attractive entertainment will be given in each public schoolhouse in the State. If by chance the schools are closed at that time on account of the epidemic of influenza, then another day will be fixed by Gilbert and the program carried out then. This official temperance day is set apart by a statute passed by the recent legislature.

REAL ESTATE DEALS.

Mr. Arthur Webb, of Cynthia, purchased this week of Mr. Grant Denton, of Paris, a farm of seventy-five acres, located on the Ruddle Mills pike, near Paris, for \$125 per acre. The sale was made through the real estate agency of Eals & Harney, of Cynthia.

MANY IN Y. M. C. A. SERVICE

The American Y. M. C. A. has more than thirty-five hundred workers, more than five-hundred of them being women who are serving American and French soldiers in nearly two thousand centers throughout France.

THE BOURBON NEWS

Established 1881—36 Years of Continuous Publication

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SWIFT CHAMP, Editor and Owner.

(Entered at the Paris, Kentucky, Postoffice as Mail Matter of the Second Class.)

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of THE BOURBON NEWS will be gladly corrected if brought to attention of the editor.

ADVERTISING RATES

Display Advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

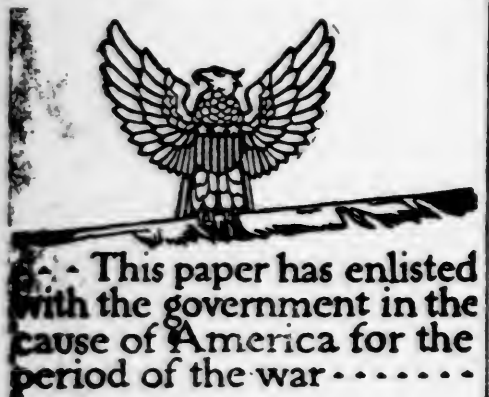
Reading Notices, 10 cents per line each issue; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line, each issue.

Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, obituaries and resolutions, and similar matter, 10 cents per line.

Special rates for large advertisements and yearly contracts.

The right of publisher is reserved to decline any advertisement or other matter for publication.

Announcements for political offices must invariably be accompanied by the cash.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

EDITORIAL MUSINGS.

Apple Pies.

The great Virginia apple crop is coming to market, and Washington war workers are making raids upon the apple pie counters. A good many of the girls from "the old home town" remember the days when the neighbors used to send in an apple pie and thought no more of it than do the heroic little stenographers who now divide their chewing gum with their chums. For chewing gum in Washington is as common as chiggers in Mississippi, and as respectable as grape juice in Lincoln, Nebraska, even though it is six cents a package on many show cases. At the restaurants where they still have a bill-of-fare apple pie have attained the commercial dignity of being listed at ten cents per cut, while in the more magnificent establishments, where "menus" tell the order of the day, the prices are from fifteen to thirty cents; thus raising the price of the baker's product from sixty cents in cheap places to one dollar and eighty cents for one pie of six standardized cuts in the swell hotels.

Now, good juicy apple pies are supposedly made principally of apples, and it is a pretty mess when the contents spread between the crusts made of a few cents worth of real American white flour, treated to a varnish of real American lard, is put on the counter for human patriots to eat at the present high rate of purchase. Apple pies have advanced several hundred per cent. since those days when you could get a glorious golden-brown piece of pie for a nickel at a swell restaurant. However, pies have permanently abandoned the five-cent zone—a price left for only a few things that one can purchase. The sugar for apple pies used to sell at twenty pounds for a dollar; but, even though sugar is now so scarce that everybody is economizing on it, it refuses to recognize the ancient nickel a pound schedule. American white flour, American lard, and American spices, have shot upwards in the commercial scale, and have added their own particular evidence to the claims of the man at the bakery, and the man at the pie counter against unlimited supplies of pie at "popular prices."

American Dollars in Spain.

American dollars are at a heavy discount in Spain and a number of other foreign countries. Spanish banks have refused to extend credit to importers of the United States. Spain's attitude in putting the United States on a basis where it even looks aloof upon American securities is not at all flattering; but this is only one phase of some of the large and complicated questions in international exchange. Americans have a notion that they must have Spanish olive oil and things of that kind which can just as well be produced in California and other parts of the United States. While the thrift habit is being cultivated in so many different directions the public ought not to neglect the opportunity of holding down on the consumption of imported goods. This is one way to help support the credit of the United States; and the policy will furnish a very effective answer to such coun-

tries as Spain that are showing so much disdain for our American money.

The Eight Hour Day.

One of the surprisingly radical changes in corporation policy is the recognition of the eight hour day by the United States Steel Corporation. The company, in former years has been considered a "stand-patter" upon the labor question, and its new move in conceding its employees an eight hour instead of a ten hour day is to be regarded as a conversion of the corporation soul to the rights of labor and humanity. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey—also a hard nut to crack, is likewise operating on the eight hour plan.

Radical methods of Government labor conditions, operating principally through the War Labor Board, have been instrumental in concerting some of the Gray's and Rockefeller's that they need to "watch their step" to keep in pace with new industrial conditions.

The Airplane Disappointment

The American people have been putting up their money at a rate that has surprised even themselves. There is no limit to what they will do to support the Government in war time. But, now that it has been pointed out that from seven to eight months have been lost in airplane production, it is not surprising that there is a good deal of bitter disappointment. It is suggested that in mere money we lost half a billion dollars on airplane miscalculation, and one of the leading newspapers of the country comments that "we have not so many half billions to blow in as we thought we had a year ago."

Soldiers Learning English.

It has been discovered that there are thousands of men in our National Army who cannot speak or read English. For that reason the Library War Service of the American Library Association has established classes in English in nearly all of the big training camps. There is a heavy demand for books, and even "First-Readers" are on the list of books asked for, and, of course, supplied.

The Value of Liberty Bonds.

The first Liberty Bonds are now at a premium of more than two per cent, notwithstanding the fact that they bear but three and a half per cent. interest. The Third Liberty bonds bear four and a half per cent. interest and sell at a discount of nearly five per cent. The reason is all found to be in exemptions from income tax—the first bonds being exempt from all income tax, while the third are exempt only from the normal tax, but subject to the surtax.

NO TIME FOR NOVICES

At all his appointments, Dr. Bruner asserts with mock confidence that he is going to be elected United States Senator. This is for the purpose of impressing those who like to be on the winning side, of the importance of climbing onto the band wagon, but he does not fool sensible people with such balderdash. The fact is he stands no more chance of election than the hateful Huns have of winning the war. The people of Kentucky will never do so foolish a thing as to send a green, and judging by some of his speeches, a not too well posted man to the Senate, when they have the opportunity to elect one with twelve years' experience in Congress and is thoroughly conversant with the best methods of rendering support to the President, with whose aims and plans for winning the war is in entire sympathy, especially when the President urges that the Governor be sent to take up the great work of the lamented James. There is not the shadow of a doubt as to the course that Governor Stanley will pursue. Dr. Bruner may think, as he asserts, that he will give the President his loyal support, but if his party finds that it can score a political advantage by doing otherwise he will follow orders like sheep follow the bell wether. Therefore the people will take no chance, but show to the great man at Washington that they are heartily with him by electing Governor Stanley, in every way fitted and experienced to give the President the most effective aid in his plans for the complete overthrow of the German brutes.

FOR COLD AND GRIPPE, FOLLOW DOCTORS' ADVICE.

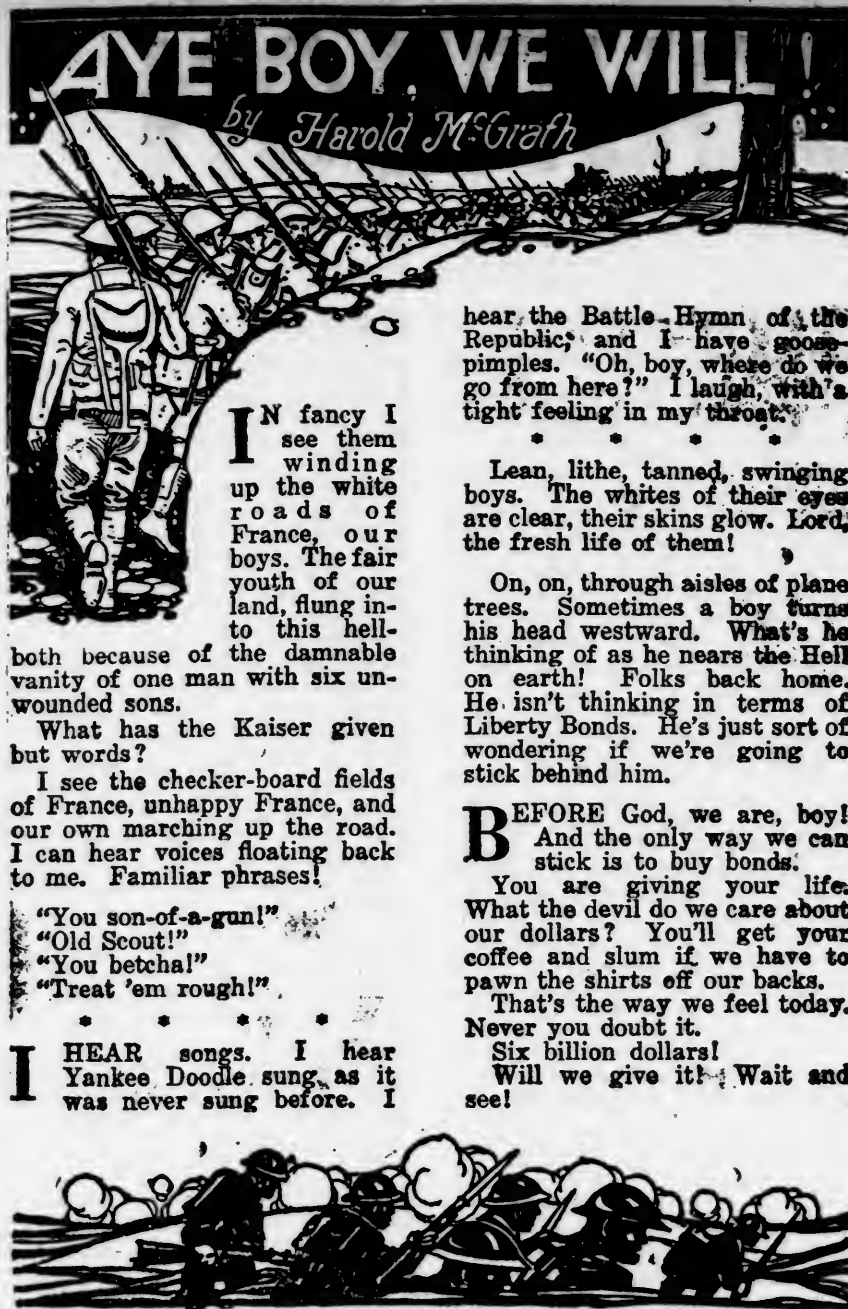
Ask your physician or druggist and he will tell you that the first step in the treatment of a cold, cough, influenza or gripe should be invariably be "a brisk calomel purgative, preferably the nauseous calomel, called Calotabs." This alone is often sufficient to break up a severe cold over night, or cut short an attack of gripe and possibly prevent pneumonia.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with your eating, pleasures or work. Next morning your cold has vanished and your entire system is purified and refreshed. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages; price thirty-five cents. Recommended and guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Price refunded if you are not delighted.

When the Soul is Hurt.

The most terrific thing in the world is sin. A man is never hurt until his soul is hurt, and the only thing that can hurt his soul is sin.—Plumer.

— Buy MORE Bonds —



both because of the damnable vanity of one man with six unwounded sons.

What has the Kaiser given but words?

I see the checker-board fields of France, unhappy France, and our own marching up the road. I can hear voices floating back to me. Familiar phrases!

"You son-of-a-gun!"
"Old Scout!"
"You betcha!"
"Treat 'em rough!"

I HEAR songs. I hear Yankee Doodle sung, as it was never sung before. I

SECRETARY LANSING REPLIES TO GERMAN CHANCELLOR.

"Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge on behalf of the President your note of October 6 inclosing the communication from the German government to the President, and I am instructed by the President to request you to make the following communication to the Imperial German Chancellor:

"Before making reply to the request of the Imperial German Government and in order that that reply should be as candid and straightforward as the momentous interests involved require, the President of the United States deems it necessary to assure himself of the exact meaning of the note of the Imperial Chancellor.

"Does the Imperial German Government accept the terms laid down by the President in his address to the Congress of the United States on the 8th day of January last and in subsequent addresses, and that its object in entering into discussion would be only to agree upon the practical details of their application?"

"The President feels bound to say with regard to the suggestion of an armistice that he would not feel at liberty to propose a cessation of arms to the governments with which the government of the United States is associated against the Central Powers as long as the armies of those powers are upon their soil. The good faith of any discussion would manifestly depend upon the consent of the Central Powers immediately to withdraw their forces everywhere from invaded territory.

"The President also feels that he is justified in asking whether the Imperial Chancellor is speaking merely for the constituted authorities of the empire who have so far conducted the war? He deems these questions vital from every point of view.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurance of my high consideration.

"ROBERT LANSING."

— Buy MORE Bonds —

Never Quite Satisfied.

It doesn't make any difference what a woman gets, there is always something a little more expensive she wishes she could have had.

WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Peru, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that at times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without any benefit and several doctors told me nothing would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to factory and work all day, come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. ANNA METTERIANO, 36 West 10th St., Peru, Ind.

Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

hear the Battle Hymn of the Republic, and I have goose-pimples. "Oh, boy, where do we go from here?" I laugh, with a tight feeling in my throat.

Lean, lithe, tanned, swinging boys. The whites of their eyes are clear, their skins glow. Lord, the fresh life of them!

On, on, through aisles of plane trees. Sometimes a boy turns his head westward. What's he thinking of as he hears the Hell on earth! Folks back home. He isn't thinking in terms of Liberty Bonds. He's just sort of wondering if we're going to stick behind him.

BEFORE God, we are, boy! And the only way we can stick it is to buy bonds.

You are giving your life. What the devil do we care about our dollars? You'll get your coffee and slum if we have to pawn the shirts off our backs.

That's the way we feel today. Never you doubt it. Six billion dollars! Will we give it? Wait and see!

STATE FEDERATION OF WOMAN'S CLUBS MEET IN LOUISVILLE.

In all war work the women have been playing extremely important parts and reports from the semi-annual board meeting of the State Federation of Women's Clubs, held at the Henry Waterson Hotel in Louisville, Wednesday, shows the recent results of their efforts. Mrs. J. C. Helburn, of Eminence, reported that the fund for the purchase of an ambulance, which was contributed to the War Department by the women of the State, had been oversubscribed by over a thousand dollars. Mrs. Helburn added:

"I'm still getting money, although I wrote to one or two organizations that the fund had been subscribed, and suggested that further contributions be diverted to other war enterprises."

The overflow subscription, by vote of the federation, was invested in Liberty Bonds. As the federation had previously subscribed \$300, they now hold \$1,300 worth of bonds.

Miss Alice Lloyd, of Maysville, chairman of the committee appointed last June at the meeting of the federation in Lexington, to secure the \$10,000 pledged by the club women of the State for the Kentucky Training School for Delinquent Girls, also reports an oversubscription of about \$1,000.

The federation, upon a request for the women's committee, Council of National Defense of Kentucky, have taken as their special work for the winter, the "treasure and trinket fund for the Aviation Corps" of the army.

Altogether the women's clubs all over the State have been doing a wonderful activities.

SIXTY-FOUR MISSING IN PERTH AMBOY CASTROPHE.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., October 8.—Sixty-four men are missing and 325 of the 700 buildings of the T. A. Gillespie Loading Company plant at Morgan, N. J., were destroyed in the fire and explosions that swept the big shell factory on Friday and Saturday, according to an official statement made by Thomas A. Gillespie, President of the corporation, here Monday afternoon.

Gillespie declared that the labor camp, consisting of 40 buildings, is practically intact and that the power house, docks, traffic system through the works and the storage warehouses and magazines had not been damaged to any great extent. The statement was issued after the head of the company, with United States army authorities, had made a complete survey of the plant.

The initial explosion probably occurred in a shell loading room, and was possibly caused by an "inadvertent act on the part of one of the operators," says the statement. The theory that it occurred in the amatol kettles or the TNT service magazine is scouted.

Mr. Gillespie announced that reconstruction of the huge plant had already been started.

The first explosion, according to the statement, occurred about 7:40 o'clock Friday night in the No. 1 unit of the six-inch shell plant, where 76 men were at work. Twelve of these, including two Government inspectors, are accounted for. The balance are missing.

SINCERE GRATITUDE

Mrs. William Bell, Logansport, Ind., writes: "I deem it my duty to express my gratitude for the good Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy did me when I had a severe attack of diarrhoea three years ago. It was the only medicine that relieved me."

(adv-oct)

Soldiers, Read to Learn.

The American soldier isn't satisfied to return home knowing no more than when he became a part of our great national army. For that reason the Library War Service of the American Library Association has found it necessary to purchase nearly 600,000 books on mechanical, technical and scientific subjects to meet the demand for informative reading matter.

HAD CATARRH AND KIDNEY TROUBLE

Read What Acid Iron Mineral Did For Miss Victoria Varney, of Shock, Ky.

"I suffered with catarrh of the head and kidney trouble, and had continual headaches, backaches and weariness, but after using Acid Iron Mineral, I am now entirely well. In fact, I don't know how I could live without Acid Iron Mineral. My backache is all gone. I have no more headaches, and feel better than I have for fifteen years. I cheerfully recommend A-I-M because I want others to feel as I do, and enjoy the same health." Acid Iron Mineral is nature's remedy for run-down people suffering with catarrh of the stomach and head, indigestion, female troubles, rheumatism, running sores, and many other diseases that now seem incurable. An external or internal remedy for all kinds of sickness, it has no equal, as thousands of testimonials in our offices prove. Acid Iron Mineral is not a patent medicine, nor has it any alcohol or other harmful drugs, and it is guaranteed to give you satisfaction or your money will be refunded by the store that sold it to you.

The price is amazingly small compared with the results that it produces in alleviating suffering. For sale by Brooks & Snapp, The Ferrodine Chemical Corp., Roanoke, Va. (adv)

Prays for Red Hair.

At a religious meeting in Pennsylvania a youth asked the prayers of the pastor and people in order that he might become redheaded. It seems that his hair was of a yellowish-white shade that was no color at all. He had heard the red heads were good scrapers, and he was praying the Lord to give him red hair so that he might go forth to fight the kaiser. There's something in this, too, and there's an idea abroad that a regiment of auburn-haired Amazons could put a crimp in the Prussian quicker than a whole division of mere chocolate-haired men. For love or war give us the locks of flame.—Los Angeles Times.

BAD COLD? HEADACHE AND NOSE STUFFED

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends Colds and Grippe in a Few Hours.

Take "Pape's Cold Compound" every two hours until you have taken three doses, then all gripe misery goes and your cold will be broken. It promptly opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nasty discharge or nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed up! Ease your throbbing head—nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, and causes no inconvenience. Accept no substitute. (adv)

Series of Choosings.

Life is one long series of choosings. This way or that? Shall we do or leave undone? The questions fill every hour of every day, and by our wise or foolish answers we write our history.

HELP FILL THE DEMAND FOR TRAINED WOMEN

By enrolling at once for our complete Business Course. Fugazzi Graduates are always in demand, and the supply is much less than this demand.

We court a thorough investigation. Send for free Booklet, "The Fugazzi Way Leads to The Highest Positions."

Day or Night Classes. Special Coaching given candidates for Civil Service.

Write, phone or call at school for full information.

Fugazzi School of Business

Efficiency is Our Watchword

Miss Irene Fugazzi, Principal. Mrs. L. V. Jones, Asst. Principal.

118 N. Upper St., Second Floor, Lexington, Ky.

PUBLIC AUCTION!

Having decided to retire from the jewelry and optical business, I will offer for sale my stock and fixtures, consisting of watches, clocks, jewelry, optical goods, show cases, iron safes, etc. Auction will begin

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1918

at 2 o'clock p. m., and will be continued at 7:30 o'clock, p. m., and same hours next day, is necessary. Will be open each Saturday and court day until day of auction in order to deliver all repair work now on hand, which must be called for before that date as there will be no repair work delivered during the sale.

O. L. FRYE
203 N. Main St., Paris, Ky.
(nov4-11)

For Sale

Buick Roadster, 1918 model. First-class shape. Good as new. 15-horse Fairbanks-Morse portable engine. I. D. THOMPSON.

Typewriter Wanted.

Good second-hand typewriter wanted—Underwood preferred. Call THE BOURBON NEWS Telephone, 124. (4-17)

For Rent.

A Vine street residence of 5 rooms fitted with bath; gas; electric light. Apply to

J. T. HINTON,
(4-3t-pd) Both Phones.

WANTED

The immediate use of an index card-filing case or cabinet by the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense. Please notify this office.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of the late Mrs. Mina M. Howell are requested to settle with the undersigned administrator.

Those having claims against the estate will please have same proven according to law and present for payment.

JAMES M. HUKILL,
(27-3wks) Administrator.

IRON

We pay highest prices for iron junk, hides and wool.

MUNICH & WIDES & CO.,
Eight St., Paris, Ky.
Cumb. Phone 374.

(23-tf)

WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH

We pay from \$2.00 to \$35.00 per set (broken or not.) We also pay actual value for Diamonds, old Gold, Silver and Bridge-work. Send at once by parcel post and receive cash by return mail.

MAZER'S TOOTH SPECIALTY
Dept. X, 2007 So. 5th St.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
(till29novF)

TREES!

We grow a complete assortment of Fruit and Shade Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Roses, Perennials, Evergreens, Asparagus—

In fact, "Everything for Orchard, Lawn and Garden." FREE CATALOG.

H.F. Hillenmeyer & Sons

Lexington, Ky.

NO AGENTS.

Wanted--Junk.

We pay the following prices for junk, which we guarantee the best prices to be obtained anywhere in the State. Send us four shipments: Rags, \$3.60 per hundred pounds. Mixed Iron, \$1.00 p per hundred pounds.

Wrought Iron, \$1.10 per hundred pounds. Heavy Cast, \$1.10 per hundred pounds.

Bones, \$1.20 per hundred pounds. Heavy Copper, 23c per pound.

Light Copper, 21c per pound. Mixed Heavy Brass, 21c per pound.

Light Brass, 12c per pound. Lead, 6 1/4c per pound.

Zinc, 5 1/4c per pound. Aluminum, 24c per pound.

Boots and Shoes, 7 1/2c per pound. Trimmed Arties, 5 1/2c per pound.

Inner Tubes, 11c per pound. Green Salt Hides, 18c per pound.

Green Hides, 16c per pound. Calfskins, 27c per pound.

Horse Hides, \$6.50 for No. 1's. Lambskins, \$2.00.

Full Woolled Sheepskins, \$3.00. Shearings, \$1.50.

We also purchase old and new feathers, for which we pay the highest price. Send us samples.

SPEYER & SON,
Lexington, Ky.

LETTERS FROM BOURBON COUNTY SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

Sergt. Lawrence James writes from France to his mother, Mrs. Mollie James, in this city, under date of Aug. 28, as follows:

"In France, Dearest Mother and Family: How in the world are you? Haven't had but one letter from the U. S. A. since I've been over here, and I suppose it is due to the fact that none of you have my correct address. I don't remember of giving it to anyone but you, and probably the letter I sent it in did not reach its destination, as those things frequently happen now."

"I do not have much time for letter writing now, and even if I did, there would not be much to tell, except to describe the parts of France and the peculiarities in the manners and the customs of the people. Anything else of interest that I might mention would certainly be cut out by the censor."

"First, I had better tell you that I am all together, and feeling better than I have ever felt in all my life. Am getting plenty to eat and my bed would make an Ostermoor mattress ashamed to say that it was a member of the mattress family. You see, I am living with a French family, and every family I have so far stopped with has the same kind of beds, large feather ones and plenty of pure lamb's wool blankets. There are two mademoiselles, one little girl and the madam in this family, and while I cannot parlez vous Francaise very much we manage to get along finely by making signs and using the little French I know, and the little English they know."

"One of the mademoiselles spends an hour with me and a French and English dictionary every evening, and she says that in four months I will be speaking good French. She catches the English language very well, too. I have taken quite a fancy to the little girl, whose name is Marcelle. She is a pure French type—as pretty as any picture one has ever gazed upon, coal black hair, dark complexion with real rosy cheeks, and possesses an unusually good set teeth, something very rare in a French person. They know not a thing about brushing their teeth, and they gaze at us with wondrous eyes as we perform the operation every morning, noon and night. I bought Marcelle a tooth brush and a tube of Colgate's paste, and finally persuaded her to do as I did by giving her a franc. Now since she has got-

ten started it takes all my extra francs to keep her in tooth paste, as she likes the taste of it and uses the brush about every hour."

"The last town I was in one of the Frenchmen invited several of the boys to accompany him on a wild boar hunt, which they did. The thing which struck me as being peculiar was that the Frenchman arrived on the spot dressed as if he were going to a ball or a stag supper instead of hunting. The other times I had seen him he was rather roughly dressed, shoes not shined, no collar or coat, and his trousers not pressed. But for the hunt he came out in a pair of patent leather shoes shined so you could see your reflection in them the same as in a mirror, a pair of plaid trousers with a crease as sharp as a razor's edge running down the front and sides, a dark coat, white shirt and cuffs, a fancy vest, collar and necktie on, and one of those hats turned up on one side and down on the other. The boys who went with him said that he wanted the wild boars to hunt him instead of he hunting them, and so they left him and roughed it in the real American way."

"The people I have met so far I like very much. They are good-hearted and most hospitable, but their small knowledge of business and efficiency is appalling. Of course they know enough to charge an American a couple of francs more for anything than the ordinary price would be, and that sort of thing, but when it comes to harvesting the crops and things like that, the wheat crop, for instance, the men use a hand scythe for cutting it, and it is picked up by another who follows along, and tied into bundles. It is then loaded on wagons, brought to the barns and threshed by an old-fashioned hand flail, in some instances, some of the more prosperous farmers using a threshing outfit propelled by horses, tread mill style, you understand."

"Taking a bath is a wonderful proposition over here, too, and it is no wonder the peasantry do not bathe often than they do, which is twice a year, at the beginning of summer and at the finish of the summer. So far, I have had two since I have been over here, and my only reason for taking them was simply because I could not do without them. The first one was O. K., but the one I took yesterday was one to be remembered. Three of us were necessary to per-

form the heroic deed, one to pass the water from an artesian well (and you know how cold artesian well water is) to another, who stood on top of a rock wall, which had once been the foundation for a house, but now being used for a sheep pen, the other stripped and inside the sheep pen, calling the fellow on top of the wall (who, in turn, was emptying bucket after bucket of cold misery upon the bather) everything but a gentleman. It was some bath, and I will swear off after the next one for the rest of the winter."

"I have written enough now to last for another month, so I will close. I will wire you just what time we will arrive in the United States on our way back. Love to all. We expect to come back pretty soon after we have cleaned up the Boches. Good bye for this time."

"SERGT. LAWRENCE H. JAMES, 'M. G. Co., 143d Inftry, 36th Div., American Expeditionary Force.'"

Wayne Cottingham, THE NEWS' "special correspondent" at Camp Zachary Taylor, in his last letter from the Camp, writes, in part, as follows, under date of Sunday, Oct. 6, being somewhat delayed in transmission:

"Dear NEWS: This is Sunday again, the day to write my weekly war letter. This time I have a startling bit of news—the war is still going on, according to official advices just received. Perhaps your readers will be interested to know that. On account of the military censorship and the dignity of my rank as private, I cannot give out anything for publication on the exact date when the darn affair will end. But you may say in your 'valuable columns' as free-advertising-seekers say, that I will shed as few tears as anyone."

"I am indeed glad that old Bourbon county has gone over the top in the Liberty Loan campaign before the people read about my working in the Finance Office at this camp. That might have destroyed their morale. But you may tell them not to worry—I don't get to handle any of the money. All I do is to typewrite the pay-rolls. A tremendously responsible job, oh, yes! Sometimes when I run across the name of one of the bunch I used to go to school with I am about tempted to scratch it off, because I am sure he didn't do enough work to earn the princely sum of \$30."

"Regardless of the fact that I called myself a year older Monday of this week, I feel so young I have gone back to the old game of playing Indians—I am living in a tent. One of my 'bunkies' has written to his girl to send him some paint, and soon we will have our wigwam all dolled up in stars, moons, war-hawks, scalps—and everything. I think there is a movement on foot to get a Bourbon county stock dealer, or rather trader, to come here and teach us the war whoop. Bill seems to me the only one qualified. And, believe me, after living in a tent for several days one had just as well be at home."

"When do you think that next bunch of Bourbon draftees is going to arrive? When they do come I am going to show them how really 'hard-boiled' one can get after being here six weeks."

"As you know every new bunch is 'green' and when an old-head asks one for a cigarette he pulls out a package. It is the same way with cigars, chewing gum, tobacco and the like. So one of the first moves when a new bunch comes to the camp is to go 'souvenir-hunting,' and get enough of all these things to last until the next draft. However, after one is here a while everything that is 'his'n' stays 'his'n'."

"Knowing full well the paper shortage, I will do what Germany will soon do."

Respectfully,
"WAYNE COTTINGHAM,
'Finance Office, Q. M. Detach., Camp Taylor, Ky.'"

— Buy MORE Bonds —
BACKACHE IS A WARNING.

Paris People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys.

Backache is often nature's most frequent signal of weakened kidneys. To cure the pains and aches, to remove the lameness when it arises from weakened kidneys, you must reach the cause—the kidneys. If you have pain through the small of your back, urinary disorders, backaches, dizzy spells, or are nervous and depressed, start treating the kidneys with a tested remedy.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been proved good and are especially for weak kidneys. Doan's have been used in kidney trouble for over 50 years. Read Paris testimony.

Floyd H. Rankin, grocer, Lileston avenue and Lucas street, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills off and on for years and have been greatly benefited. At times I have suffered severely with kidney complaint. My back often pained me and was lame most all the time. The kidney secretions were too frequent in passage and greatly annoyed me. Whenever I have been this way, a box of Doan's Kidney Pills has never failed to cure me of the attack in short order." Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Rankin had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. (adv.)

High Standard.
"I hope I can support her in the style she is accustomed to." "Get wise to that style, though, before you marry her. I never knew my wife's people, but to hear her talk you'd think she was raised in a palace."

Cactus Candy.
Louisiana has a new product. It is cactus candy. The cactus is peeled, dipped in hot sirup or molasses and coated with powdered sugar.

— Buy MORE Bonds —

Comings and Goings of Our People Here, There and Elsewhere.

—Miss Lucy Colville is convalescing from a recent severe illness.

—Miss Mary McWilliams has returned from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. P. I. McCarthy, in Lexington.

—Miss Elizabeth Henry, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. D. S. Henry, is ill at the home of her parents, on Cypress street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee Frank have returned from a visit to Mr. Frank's brother, Dr. Louis Frank, and Mrs. Frank, in Louisville.

—Mrs. John A. Rice, of Taylorsville, Spencer county, is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Richard Sales and Mr. Sales, on Houston avenue.

—Mrs. Ada Fishback and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Huffman have moved to the Bryan Cottage, at the corner of Walker avenue and Eighth street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. G. Talbott and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sladd have returned from a visit to Miss Martha Talbott, at Margaret College, Versailles.

—Dr. and Mrs. Marion Johnson, former residents of North Middletown, are here from Dayton, Ohio, as guests of relatives in the city and county.

—Rev. B. F. Orr and daughters, Misses Olivia and Ruth Orr, left Tuesday for a two-weeks' automobile trip to Louisville and Southern Kentucky points.

—Mr. L. G. Campbell and Mrs. Campbell, of Whitley City, were guests several days this week of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Bell. Mr. Campbell is an attorney at Whitley City.

—Mr. W. S. Hertig, who has a position in the railroad service at Sharon, O., was here this week, making arrangements for moving his family and household effects to that place.

—Rev. and Mrs. Geo. R. Combs have returned from a visit to Mr. Combs' mother, Mrs. Martha Combs, at Berea. They were accompanied home by their cousin, Miss Marie Harben, of Richmond.

—Mr. Henry L. ("Dick") Nippert, who has been a guest of his brother, Mr. Phil Nippert, in this city, returned to his home in Chattanooga, Tenn., Wednesday. "Dick" Nippert in one of that large throng of former Paris boys who take pleasure in spending their vacations in the old home town, and renewing old acquaintances. And he is one who is always assured a hearty welcome by his boyhood friends.

(Other Personals on Page 5.)

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL SENDS OUT THE S. O. S. CALL.

Prof. Booth, of Richmond, representing the above school, was in Paris, Wednesday. His mission is to secure the co-operation of school people and all other parties interested in education to check the tendency toward the alarming and increasing situation of a shortage of teachers. There are hundreds of children in Kentucky who shall suffer this year for lack of instruction. Unless something is done the future presents even a darker picture.

Prof. T. J. Coates, President of the above school, has evolved a plan which seems feasible and practicable and based upon reason and common sense. It is this: He says to the County and City Superintendents, "You know how many new teachers you need annually. Next year you perhaps will need more than heretofore. Now, you cannot expect to get flour from a mill unless you first send the grain, neither can you expect to receive teachers from a Teachers' Training School until you have first sent a sufficient amount of proper material to the same. Therefore, send us the material and we shall send you back teachers. You are the guardian of children in your county and city. The Eastern Kentucky State Normal School is likewise your school. Therefore, the responsibility is on you. What are you going to do about it? We believe that you will measure up to the imperative demands of the hour."

This seems to be reasonable and the people of Kentucky will wait patiently to see large results.

CUCUMBER FREAK.

(Falmouth Outlook.)

J. W. Applegate, of Mt. Zion, has a cucumber that is quite a freak. It is just the shape of a hand with four fingers and a thumb. Mr. Applegate thinks it is the hand that will write the Kaiser's doom on the wall.

Buying On Credit

is a nuisance to both buyer and seller.

It is one thing that keeps the cost of living going higher. Bring your market basket and the cash to

MRS. ELLIS' CASH AND CARRY GROCERY

opposite the Paris Court House, and see what you can save.

Extensive Showing of Smart New Fashions

For the Correctly Gowned Young Woman.

Embracing reproductions and adaptations from the great French and American designers who excel in modes of youthful character. Fur Trimmed and Plain Tailored Suits developed in soft Velours and Tricotines.

Coats

Of charming new design in full plain models and luxurious fur trimmed effects, including the new Dolman and Inverness.

Tailored Dresses

Smart, new, straight-line effects of Serge, Tricotine, Tricoline, Satin and Velvet—simple, yet possessing that subtle charm of detail so desired.

Blouses

In all the late suit colors, as well as flesh, black and white. Models that are exclusive and out of the ordinary.

Furs

New arrivals in rich soft Taupe Fox, Black Fox, Beaver, Nutria and genuine Scotch Mole; matched sets or separate pieces. Fur Coats and Coatees of Hudson Seal, Raccoon Mole, Squirrel and Muskrat.

Junior and Children's Department

We are showing a big new line of Coats, Dresses, Sweaters, Furs and Millinery.

WOLF, WILE & CO. LEXINGTON, KY.

Professional Cards.

WM. GRANNAN
Attorney-at-Law
ROOMS 401-402
FIRST NAT'L BANK BUILDING

DR. WM. KENNEY
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
ROOMS 403-404
FIRST NAT'L BANK BUILDING
PHONE 136

THESE NEW HATS



Are More Attractive Than Any We Have Shown For Years.

So it is to your advantage to come and select one to-day. We have assortments at

\$1.98 \$3.50
\$2.98 \$4.00
AND UP.

Twin Bros.
Department Store
Main and 7th Paris, Ky.

Margolen's

SANITARY

Meat Market

Everything kept in a clean, sanitary condition, and only the choicest home-killed meats are sold here.

Give Us an Order

MARGOLEN'S

Sanitary Meat Market

BAKERY DEPARTMENT
Cakes, Jelly Roll
Cream Puffs
Doughnuts, Rolls, Pies

GROCERY
Fruits
Fresh Vegetables

MEAT DEPARTMENT
Roasts
Lamb, Veal, Pork
Brains

WILMOTH
Grocery Co.
Phone 376



HEAR THIS CALL from OUR HOME TOWN BOYS OVER THERE

LETTERS from our boys in the trenches and from the women in canteen and other war work, all bring to us the same message—SEND US NEWS FROM HOME.

World news is all right, but OUR BOYS want NEWS OF THIS TOWN. They want the home newspaper. Publishers are prevented from sending their papers free to anyone, even boys in the service. Consequently a national movement has been started by Col. William Boyce Thompson of New York, who is acting as President of the Home Paper Service of America to give the boys what they are calling for. Every community is joining the movement. Let us see that our boys are not forgotten.

Send to the publisher of this newspaper whatever amount of money you can—5 cents or \$50.00. We will publish a list each week of those contributing, and the amounts contributed.

Every cent received will be used to send this paper to our boys at the front. If at the end of the war, there is any surplus, it will be turned over to the local Red Cross Committee.

There is no profit in this to the publisher—even in normal times, subscriptions are not sold at a profit. With war prices prevailing, and the high rate of postage on papers sent to France, our cost will scarcely be covered by our full subscription price.

Remember that over in France, some brave soldier or sailor from this town—perhaps even some splendid woman working within sound of the guns—is depending on you to "KEEP THE HOME LOVE KINDLED."

They are calling to YOU from "Over There" GIVE WHAT YOU CAN

The BOURBON NEWS

WOMEN'S ACTIVITIES.

The meeting of the Bourbon Art Club, to have been held at the home of Mrs. James Scott, Saturday, October 12, is postponed until further notice.

Save all peach stones, apricot pits, plum pits, olive pits, date seeds, cherry pits, brazil nut shells, walnut shells (English or Native) hickory nut shells, butternut shells. 200 peach stones—seven pounds of nuts, will produce enough carbon for a gas mask. **SAVE A SOLDIER FROM GERMAN POISON GAS.**

Please save your empty flour sacks and send them CLEAN to the Red Cross room. They can be used to line comforters, which are made of the scraps from cutting garments, and are sent to the Belgian Relief Commission.

HELP THE FRENCH AND BELGIAN BABIES.

(Contributed.)

Think of France today and the heart-broken mothers! They have lost everything. Their husbands, their sons and brothers have died fighting for us, their homes, have been destroyed and their babies will have to die from hunger, cold, tuberculosis, if American does not come to their aid.

The Fatherless Children of France Committee gives us a chance to help France more immediately, more practically, more enduringly than any other war charity. The children of France are her greatest asset. Help her protect the children and help comfort those poor wretched mothers. Any person or group of persons, can save a child's life by giving ten cents a day, or \$36.50 a year, and think what that would mean to those poor widowed mothers! They write the most grateful letters to their "benefactors" as they call us, and send photographs of the child.

The people of Bourbon County are willing and anxious to do their part in all war work, and we should all be proud we are from old Bourbon county. See Mr. W. W. Mitchell, treasurer or Mrs. A. B. Hancock, and save a life for France. Below is a list of the good people of Bourbon county who have adopted one or more of these orphans since the last 157 adoptions were sent in:

Mr. A. T. Moffett, Mr. J. D. Ralls, Mrs. Jno. Marr, Mrs. Wm. Saunders, Mrs. Thos. Marshall, Mrs. Alex. Miller, Mrs. Robt. Johnson, Mrs. Lizzie Miller, Millersburg; The Mothers' Club, North Middletown, Mrs. Jno. W. Jones, Treasurer; Mrs. Matt Lair, Mrs. Julia Houston, Mr. Catesby Woodford, (2 additional), "A Friend" (2), Mr. W. G. McClintock, Mr. Wm. Shire, Mrs. Jasper Offutt; Mr. Wm. Hall, Mr. George Current, Mrs. M. H. Dailey, Mrs. J. N. Mason, Mr. J. S. Wilson, Mr. Frank Hall, Mr. J. Quincy Ward, Episcopal Church Society, Paris; Rev. F. M. Tindler, North Middletown; Mrs. H. C. Buckner, Paris, (1 additional); Mrs. Nettie S. Rogers, Mr. J. T. Sudduth, Mr. J. H. Hunt, Mr. S. F. VanMeter, Mr. R. M. Scobee (4), Mr. Asa Dooley, Mr. G. D. Goff, Mrs. Frances Shorte (Treasurer), Mrs. W. H. French (Treasurer), Mr. Berceau Adams, Mrs. Robt. L. Bratton, Mrs. Olivia C. Gardner (Treasurer), Winchester.

SEE FELD'S SCHOOL SHOES—BEST AND STRONGEST LINE.

What about your boy's, Misses' and children's school shoes? Don't overlook Feld's Shoe Store when you are ready to buy. As usual we have the best and strongest line to select from. (sept 3-17)

Buy MORE Bonds

THE PICTURE FROM HOME!



Don't Forget It!

The biggest and most vital issue in the morale of our army is keeping the boys cheerful and care-free.

When their routine work is over, thoughts naturally turn to home. And the nearest approach to home is the letter from home with the simple home pictures made by brother or sister, father or mother.

Keep Your Kodak Busy For the Sake of the Boys "Over There."

Daugherty Bros.

Kodaks and Supplies
Films Developed Free
Fifth and Main

THE LAW OF THE LAND.

The attitude of the Railroad Administration with reference to the statute by which the railroads passed from public to private control, is remarkably interesting. The legislation indicated makes it the law of the land that the railroads shall be returned to their owners after the war. Oscar A. Price, assistant to the Director of the Railroads, who is recognized as Mr. McAdoo's "right hand man," in an authorized interview given to the New York Times, casts considerably more than the shadow of a doubt upon the question. Mr. Price has traveled all over the broad land with his Chief, during the last few months, and after voicing assurances that the Railroad Administration is regarded as a tremendous success wherever he traveled, he says that the railroad employees of the country are determined to make the present regime of government control a success. "It is but natural that this should be so—they never fared so well under private control and operation as they are faring to-day," says Mr. Price, who also states that "they feel that now they have at stake not only their pay and their jobs, but the triumph of a new idea, an idea that they feel is destined to be more beneficial than any other for them, as well as for the public, for which they serve."

On the very heels of Mr. McAdoo's warning to railroad men that they must remain "bone dry" upon all political matters, the statement of his acknowledged spokesman, Mr. Price, is truly significant. "Railroad employees are not devoid of a knowledge of politics, as their past record proves," says Mr. Price, who observes very wisely: "They are thoroughly aware that if Government operation and control are to become permanent they must prove a success now. They are now on trial, and their success or failure, to a very large extent, is in the hands of those 2,300,000 employees."

Mr. Price has laid himself open to the suspicion of having leanings toward the group whom Harvey H. Motter, of Topeka, describes as self a partisan, is liberal enough to say that this group of men are "not necessarily the Administration, or the Democratic party as a whole."

It is, however, apparent that the Socialistic tendency is rather strong in high political life, and politicians in mighty places who are leaders in both the old parties are evidently rather careless of the rights of Democracy in American industry.

The political Government of the Nation, is storing up big problems concerning "the triumph of a new idea," as expressed by Mr. Price, and there are, doubtless, breeding many problems concerning public and private ownership that will have to be met, and fought to a finish, after the war.

COMPTENT COUNTY ROAD ENGINEERS.

We would not expect physicians to argue cases before the Court of Appeals, nor lawyers to compound drugs, or blacksmiths to be skilled photographers, then why conclude that an inexperienced man can successfully handle the road affairs of any county, yet there are some courts that would gladly appoint to office every sort of man and there are men ignorant and avaricious enough to always seek positions they are unqualified to fill.

Why don't we appoint druggists County Farm Agents or blacksmiths County Health Officers? They would not have the opportunity to squander one-tenth as much money as the man in the important position of County Road Engineer.

TAXPAYERS, NOTICE.

No matter if you only pay poll tax, you are required by law to report to us. Time is growing short for reporting taxes. Do so NOW and avoid penalty.

WALTER CLARK,
Tax Commissioner.
JNO. J. REDMON, Deputy.
(oct 8-17)

AGED FLUTE.

(La Center Advance.)

"Dock" Bayless brought to our office an old flute, which is quite a relic. It was owned many years ago by Congressman Oscar Turner, he giving it to Col. Ogden, of Bandana, probably fifty years ago. It is almost in a perfect state of preservation and still plays good. "Dock" can play it a little and prizes it very highly, not because he ever expects to be a flute musician, but because of the friendship of his old friend, Col. Ogden, who presented it to him.

CLOSE GUESSING

(Madisonville Hustler.)

L. Q. Moore, of Earlinton, and J. B. Stanley, of this city, made a bet Saturday that they could guess the weight of Lucian Hancock's bull, which he brought to Madisonville to be weighed. Quinn guessed the animal weighed 1,120 pounds, while Mr. Stanley said it weighed 1,130. The bull weighed 1,125. The winner was to buy soft drinks, but as they tied in their guess no drinks were bought. Several men in the crowd guessed the animal would weigh 1,400 pounds.

Buy MORE Bonds

BOURBON'S ROLL OF HONOR.

"THE SUPREME SACRIFICE"

Private Elgin Dalzell, Little Rock, died in Naval Hospital, Philadelphia Navy Yard; pneumonia; buried in North Middletown.

Sergt. Bishop Batterton, Paris; died in Base Hospital, France; wounded in battle; buried in France. Corp. Allen Huddleston, Paris; died at Base Hospital, Camp Zachary Taylor; pneumonia; buried in Paris.

Private Harry H. Chinn, Jr., Jacksonville; died in Base Hospital, Camp Zachary Taylor; influenza; buried at Jacksonville.

Private Samuel Robertson, Millersburg; died at sea, on route to France; pneumonia; buried in France.

Private Grover Butler, Paris; died in Base Hospital, Camp Meade, Maryland; influenza; buried at Paris.

Private Ray Link, Hutchison; died in Naval Hospital, Great Lakes Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.; influenza; buried at Paris.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

RULES FOR AVOIDING EPIDEMIC OF INFLUENZA.

The following precautionary rules for the avoidance and lessening of the intensity of the epidemic of influenza, have been prepared by Dr. Wm. F. Lincoln, advisor of Lake Division American Red Cross, for distribution throughout the entire Lake Division territory, consisting of the states of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.

Here are the rules:

1. All colds, however slight, should be treated as possible attacks of influenza. Patients affected by colds should stay at home and sterilize discharge from the nose and throat.
2. Avoid feeling or spreading of the disease.
3. Avoid crowds.
4. Regular bodily functions and keep the bowels open.
5. Avoid the breath or expelled secretions from people suffering from colds.
6. Wash out the nose and throat two or three times daily by a nasal spray or douche and by gargle with a "normal salt solution" (½ teaspoonful salt water.)
7. All those in attendance on patients with influenza should wear masks.
8. Clothing should be warm and dry. Food simple and easily digested. Drink water freely.

STOVES, STOVES.

You had better have your stoves ready for these cold spells that are liable to turn up any morning. We have them.

(8-17) A. F. WHEELER & CO.
RED CROSS NEWS GRENADES

A number of disinfecting plants and water sterilizing outfits are being manufactured by the American Red Cross, which will turn them over to the Italian Sanitary authorities for military use.

The stripping of prisoners apparently takes place only at the front in the heat and confusion of battle. At the prisons, camp committees, appointed by the prisoners themselves, see that American prisoners receive and enjoy the supplies sent them. Each individual, moreover, returns a signed receipt card for each parcel to the American Red Cross representatives at Berne.

The girls of the Smith College Relief Unit have opened a reading room for American and British soldiers. Regular visits also are paid to the American soldiers in the hospital at Beauvais. Wounded soldiers to the number of some 8,000 sometimes are fed in the course of a ten-day period. In one night the record of feeding 5,000 was made.

The American Red Cross rolling canteens in Italy recently distributed to 7,000 Italian soldiers packets containing socks, soap, cigarettes, chocolates, handkerchiefs, writing material and small mirrors and combs. Such packets will probably be distributed to some 40,000 more. They help to keep up the spirits of the fighters and are taken by the individual as evidence of America's direct participation in the war.

Necessary articles for hospital equipment in France have been provided by the Red Cross War Council. The list submitted by the Red Cross Commissioner for France included 300,000 shirts, 500,000 sheets, 250,000 ward slippers and 50,000 bath-room slippers.

Chapter production, it is hoped, will provide other articles needed before January 1, 1919, when the sum of \$1,999,200 authorized by the Red Cross will have been expended.

Thousands of American boys below draft age will soon be wearing an official United States uniform. Secretary of Labor Wilson has authorized and the War Department has approved an olive drab uniform which may be worn by all members of the United States Boys' Working Reserve.

Already there are many units of the Boys' Working Reserve throughout the country which have been awaiting the announcement of the official dress of the organization and many more units which will be organized as a result of the proposed expansion of the Reserve under the co-operation of the War Department will at once discard "muff" for the natty olive drab of the Reserve uniform.

OFFICIAL UNIFORM FOR BOYS' WORKING RESERVE.

A recent order given by the Y. M. C. A. calls for shipment of 1,337,000 tons of tobacco for overseas; another shipment calls for 900,000 cigars for American soldiers in France. More than 920,000 pounds of chocolate is eaten by American soldiers in France every month according to Y. M. C. A. figures. This represents an expenditure of practically 1,000,000 francs each month. More than 5,000,000 cigars, 200,000,000 cigarettes and a large quantity of chewing tobacco is necessary to meet the actual demand per month of the American soldiers in France according to Y. M. C. A. Post Exchange figures.

INSURE YOUR TOBACCO. Insure your tobacco in the barn against fire, wind-storm, etc. We settle quick. Thomas, Woodford & Bryan.

SMOKERS FOR SOLDIERS

On the War Trophy Train day, somewhere in the vicinity of the L. & N. passenger station, a lady's gold bracelet watch. Had initials "R. M. E." and date "December 1916," engraved on back. Finder leave at THE NEWS OFFICE and receive reward. (17)

CITY BOARD OF HEALTH ISSUES INFLUENZA WARNING.

The order of the State Board of Health closing all schools, churches, theatres and other places of public assembly throughout Kentucky is absolutely mandatory and in view of the possibility of our community being subjected to the sufferings and deaths from the ravages of the terrible epidemic which has already taken and still continues to take the lives of so many of our brave, self-sacrificing young men in all parts of our country, we, the undersigned Board of Health of Paris, Kentucky, hereby order the closing of all schools, churches, theatres and places of public assembly, until further notice.

We would also call attention to the City Ordinance against spitting on sidewalks, and on floors of public places, stores, etc., and violators will be fined.

The burning of leaves in the city is absolutely forbidden, as it is also a menace to health.

There may be no public funeral services at either residence or church and large public gatherings at the grave, should be discouraged, where deceased died of influenza or any other communicable disease.

All hotels, restaurants and eating houses must sterilize by boiling (not merely rinsing) all tumblers, cups, plates, dishes, knives, forks, spoons, etc., before each successive using of same by patrons.

Soda fountains, soft drink stands, etc., must use paper tumblers, cups, etc., to dispense drinks or creams as soon as they can procure same. Until that time all glasses, cups, spoons, etc., shall be sterilized by boiling each time used.

The co-operation of every citizen is requested to aid us in the enforcement of the above orders.

DR. C. G. DAUGHERTY,
DR. J. M. WILLIAMS,
JO. S. VARDEN,
Board of Health.

Paris, Ky., Oct. 8, 1918.

FAMOUS STOCK FARM AT AUCTION TOMORROW (SATURDAY)

The public sale of the famous Sister Mary Stock Farm will occur on the premises on the Bethlehem pike, to-morrow, Saturday morning, October 12, at 10 o'clock. This is one of the most valuable farms in Bourbon county and tobacco growers are offered an exceptional opportunity to make money by acquiring one of these valuable tracts. Attend the sale.

KIDDIES WALK 42 MILES TO SEE TROPHY TRAIN.

The first ones to go through the Uncle Sam Trophy Train at Harlan, Ky., were forty-one school children who walked twenty-one miles over Pine Mountain with their teacher, Mrs. C. A. Holton, to be on hand when the train pulled in.

The mountain is 1,700 feet high. The children were from Pine Mountain Settlement School. They cheered loudly as they walked among the trophies and were wildly waving flags as the train pulled out and left them to start their long hike back home.

TO TAXPAYERS.

Tax receipts of the city for 1918 are now in the hands of City Collector W. W. Mitchell at the Farmers & Traders Bank. Call and pay them now.

E. B. JANUARY, Mayor.

(aug 24-17)

UNUSUAL HORSE TRADE.

(Harrodsburg Herald.)

Quite an interesting case was tried Wednesday before Judge Davenport. It seems that Tom Coulter, of Washington county, and Cleve Divine, of Dixville, had a horse swap the early part of August. Coulter started off with the horse he got, but it fell down with him and turned out to be blind. He took it back to Divine and demanded that they trade back. Divine refused and he took his horse anyway. Divine claimed that he objected to the horse being taken, while Coulter claimed that Divine consented to it. Coulter said he paid \$10 damages in the deal, but Divine claimed that he only left \$1 on the fence and later that he went and got it. A warrant was taken out charging the taking of the horse, and after hearing the evidence the court held Coulter to the grand jury and fixed his bond at \$500. It seems from the discussion of the case that the right to take the horse depends on whether or not fraud has been practiced on Coulter by Divine.

INSURE YOUR TOBACCO. Insure your tobacco in the barn against fire, wind-storm, etc. We settle quick. Thomas, Woodford & Bryan.

SMOKERS FOR SOLDIERS

On the War Trophy Train day, somewhere in the vicinity of the L. & N. passenger station, a lady's gold bracelet watch. Had initials "R. M. E." and date "December 1916," engraved on back. Finder leave at THE NEWS OFFICE and receive reward. (17)

FRANK & CO.

LADIES' OUTFITTERS

We Are Now Showing

OUR NEW FALL LINES

in

Misses' and Ladies'
Silk, Serge and Jersey
DRESSES

Misses' and Ladies'
SUITS

Children's, Misses' and Ladies'
COATS

FRANK & CO.

STOCK, CROP, ETC.

Mr. Richard H. Wills left yesterday for Georgia on a business trip. Mr. Wills recently purchased one hundred head of horses in Bourbon, Harrison and Nicholas counties, fifty of which were shipped to Georgia, Monday, and the other fifty on Wednesday.

Caywood & McClintock purchased of J. W. Stevens fourteen head of 1,200-pound cattle at 12 cents per pound. They sold a mare mule colt to David Parrish, of Austerlitz, for \$90.

Myers & Smith, of Paris, shipped to dealers in Hennagen, S. C., this week, fourteen head of aged mules for which they paid from \$200 to \$300 a head, and twelve head of extra good horses which cost them from \$100 to \$250 a head.

WHERE BULLETS WERE FLYING

Rev. Mandeville J. Barker, late rector of the Episcopal church in Uniontown, Pa., has been commended for valor by the commander of the brigade to which he is attached as Y. M. C. A. worker, the news coming direct to the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. Major T. N. Vail, of Harrisburg, Pa., was in command of the machine gun detachment which went in advance of the infantry in an attack on positions at Glennes, Captain John Wasres, of Scranton, Pa., led a group that got into some of the hottest places. Out in front of them all toiled Mr. Barker, working along on hands and knees and finding plenty of calls for his bandages and dressings. He succeeded Americans and Germans alike, at one time being in twenty yards of a German outpost, hidden only by slight rise in the ground.

Buy MORE Bonds

WANTED.

Kitchen Range and Gas Heaters. Must be in good condition. Call undersigned at Windsor Hotel, phone, 127.

MRS. RICHARD BUTLER.

LOST

On the War Trophy Train day, somewhere in the vicinity of the L. & N. passenger station, a lady's gold bracelet watch. Had initials "R. M. E." and date "December 1916," engraved on back. Finder leave at THE NEWS OFFICE and receive reward. (17)

SPECIALS

FOR SATURDAY

Jersey Sweet Potatoes
per pound.....4c
Irish Potatoes
per pound.....3c
Cabbage
per pound.....3c
York Imperial Apples
per peck.....65c

Come to my store with the cash and your market basket and reduce the high cost of living. See my line of pure fruit preserves.

MRS. ELLIS' CASH AND CARRY GROCERY

Opposite Court House

Aetna-Auto Combination Policies.

Protect Against

Fire
Theft
Collision
Property Damage
Liability

And Other Casualties

A. J. FEE AGENT

Winters' Co.
FOR THE BEST
NOTHING ELSE

FOR SALE.

Ohio Fultz Seed Wheat, thoroughly cleaned.
CHAS. S. BRENT & BRO.
(30aug-1f)

THE GENUINE ARTICLE, COUNTRY SORGHUM.

Pure Country Sorghum, the genuine article right from the country.
C. P. COOK & CO.

RUMMAGE SALE POSTPONED.

On account of the order from the State Board of Health prohibiting gathering of people in public places the Ladies Bible Class of the Methodist Church, have postponed indefinitely their "Rummage Sale," scheduled for to-day, in the Robneel building.

DON'T FORGET THE SALE OF SISTER MARY STOCK FARM

The famous Sister Mary Stock Farm, for years owned by Martin Doyle, will be sold to-morrow at ten o'clock. It will be sold in three tracts. Fine tobacco and hemp land. Good improvements, well watered. Sale takes place at ten o'clock. Easy terms. Sale starts at 10 o'clock. Be on hand and be a bidder, or better still, a buyer. Bourbon land is in demand. This is your chance.

B-4 FIRE

Insure with
W.O. HINTON & SON, AGTS

REORGANIZATION OF HEALTH BOARD.

The City Council having accepted the resignation of Dr. A. H. Keller as City Health Officer, selected Dr. Chas. G. Daugherty as his pro tem successor. The Board was reorganized, Dr. Daugherty being elected City Health Officer permanently. As now made up the Board is composed of the following members: Dr. Chas. G. Daugherty, City Health Officer, Jo. Varden, Dr. J. M. Williams and Ossian Edwards. Mr. Edwards was a member of the old Board, and was continued in his place with the new Board.

ALLEGED DESERTER ARRESTED.

Henry Washington, an alleged deserter from Camp Zachary Taylor, was arrested on the farm of Jos. Connell, on the Ruddles Mills pike, Wednesday morning by Patrolman George W. Judy and Deputy Sheriff Ollie Marshall, and placed in the Paris jail.

Patrolman Judy received information from Camp Taylor, Saturday night, that Washington, who had been posted at the camp as being "absent without leave" was thought to be in this vicinity. After three days patient investigation the officer located his man on the Connell farm, and his arrest followed.

He was held here until the arrival of a guard from Camp Taylor, who took him back to the camp for trial by courtmartial.

GAS HEATERS CONNECTED UP FREE OF CHARGE.

Now is the time to have that "New Process" Gas Stove put up. Cold days are near at hand. We connect them up for you free of charge. Save a plumbing bill.
(8-1f) **A. F. WHEELER & CO.**

Fire, Wind and Lightning Insurance.

Thomas, Woodford & Bryan.

TAX DELINQUENTS WILL FACE PENALTY NOVEMBER 1.

Under the new law passed by the General Assembly city taxes are now collectable in October, and not in December, as has heretofore been the case, according to the opinion of City Attorney Brent Spence, of Newport, who has made a special study of the matter.

Some Paris taxpayers who have not paid their taxes promptly gave as an excuse an opinion of a Newport city official copied in many papers to the effect that the new law was inoperative because of a technicality and that the old act is still in force.

As a result of this ruling of City Attorney Spence, it has been stated that the penalty will be effective November 1, and that all who do not pay their taxes during October will have it added.

A CORRECTION.

Through a confusion of names of persons and firms THE NEWS in Tuesday's issue, published an item to the effect that Auctioneer C. E. Vanhook, of Cynthiana, would, in the future, conduct all sales for Harris & Speakes, real estate dealers in Paris.

The item should have stated that Mr. Vanhook would be with the Paris Realty Co. In a rush hour the memorandum became confused with another, and the name of Harris & Speakes used instead of the Paris Realty Co.

Mr. George D. Speakes, long known as "the silver-voiced auctioneer," will continue with Harris & Speakes, and will conduct their sales as in the past. THE NEWS had not the least intention of doing Mr. Speakes an injustice, but mistakes are apt to creep in anywhere, and especially under circumstances as indicated above. Mr. Speakes' long and efficient service to the public and to his firm is too well-known to need further comment and is in itself the best guarantee for the future.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.**Comings and Goings of Our People Here, There and Elsewhere.**

—Mrs. J. C. Elgin is quite ill at her home on Seventh Street.

—Miss Lillie Williams has gone to Martinsville, Ind., to remain several weeks.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Gill will move from Switzer, Scott County, to Paris soon to reside.

—Miss Lelia May Smith has returned to her home near Georgetown, after a visit to her uncle, Mr. Wallace Carter, in this city.

—Lieut. Frank McCarthy has returned to Leon Springs, Texas, after a visit to his aunt, Miss Julia McCarthy, in this city.

—Mrs. W. A. Wallen, formerly of Paris, now residing in Sanders, Ky., is a guest of Dr. and Mrs. D. S. Henry, on Cypress Street.

—Mr. W. F. Peddicord, who has been spending the Summer in Paris will leave tomorrow for Los Angeles, Cal., to reside the coming Winter.

—Miss Ella Loomis, formerly of Paris, who has been residing in Cynthiana for several years, has gone to Herrin, Ill., to make her future home.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Dejarrette and daughter, Miss Lillian Dejarrette, have returned to Paris after a visit to Mrs. Thomas Price, in Danville.

—Mr. A. Pogue, resident civil engineer for the Louisville & Nashville, and his mother, are both ill with influenza, at their home on Second Street.

—Mr. J. Louis Earlywine who came to Paris to attend the funeral and burial of his father-in-law, Mr. J. U. Boardman, returned to his home in Chicago, Wednesday.

—Mr. S. V. Brents, publicity man for the Bourbon Oil and Development Co., has returned to Paris, after an inspection trip through the Company's oil and gas territory in Eastern Kentucky.

—Councilman John Merringer returned Wednesday from a three-weeks' stay at Hot Springs, very much improved. Mr. Ewell Renaker, will leave today from the Springs for Paris.

—Mrs. Hugh Montgomery, Mrs. Chas. G. Daugherty, Miss Mayme Holladay and Mrs. Thompson Tarr, motored to Lexington, in the latter's machine and spent the day Tuesday with friends.

—Several cases of the influenza have appeared at the Randolph-Macon College, in Virginia. Among the students attending the college are: Misses Vernita Baldwin, of Paris, and Carolyn McIntire, of Millersburg.

—Mrs. William I. Goodwin, of Lexington, entertained a number of friends at the Red Cross Tea Room in this city, Tuesday afternoon, following a dining at the Country Club, near Lexington earlier in the day.

—Dr. Ben Bruner, of Louisville, Republican Candidate for United States Senator, was a visitor in Paris, Wednesday. Dr. Bruner was in conference with Bourbon County Republican leaders in regard to campaign matters in the city and county.

—Mr. John I. Rogers, son of Mrs. Bessie Rogers, of Lexington, formerly of Paris, was brought home, with other students, from a military institute in South Carolina, where he was attending school, suffering from an attack of influenza. He was a member of the Student's Army Training Corps at the school.

—Among those who attended the funeral and burial of Sergeant Allen Huddleston, in this city, Monday, were the following from Cynthiana: Mr. and Mrs. John Perrant, Mrs. S. F. Sprake, Mrs. Norma Berry, Miss Lula Gnadinger, Miss Mayme Coffey, Miss Elizabeth Anderson, Mrs. Frank Northcutt, and Miss Louise Cromwell.

—Prof. J. M. Booth, of Richmond, was a caller at THE NEWS office Wednesday. Prof. Booth is canvassing Central Kentucky towns in the interest of the Eastern Kentucky State Normal School at Richmond. The school is endeavoring to stimulate a greater interest in teachers and teaching, in view of a threatened shortage of teachers throughout the State.

—Mayor E. B. January and Mr. John Doty returned Wednesday night from Mayfield, Ky., where they attended the one-day session of the I.

O. O. F. Grand Lodge. Owing to the prevalence of influenza, there being five hundred cases reported in Mayfield, the Grand Lodge finished all its business in one day and adjourned. Wm. Lail, Dr. Faries and Homer Shy, other delegates, returned last night.

—Mr. J. Miller Ward returned yesterday from Woodbury Forest, Va., where his son, Mr. Sam Clay Ward has been seriously ill with pneumonia. He is greatly improved, and out of danger. His other son, Mr. Miller Ward, who has been ill at the University of Virginia, is able to be out. (Other Personals on Page 3)

LOCAL CHAIRMAN INVITED TO INSPECT ARTILLERY CAMP.

Mr. Frank P. Lowry, Chairman for Bourbon County of the United States Labor Reserve Board, received the following telegram Wednesday from Camp Taylor, near Louisville, inviting him to be one of the party that is to make a personal inspection of the new artillery camp, Camp Knox, at Stithton, Ky.:

"Mr. Frank P. Lowry, Paris, Ky.

"Can you attend Camp Knox day at Stithton, Ky., October 15? Governor Stanley, General Austin, Allied officers and Government officials want you to see the largest artillery camp in the world under construction, watch the big guns, all at our expense, provided you will bring five to ten laborers or carpenters with you.

Wire us immediately if you can come. Wire again by Saturday number of men you will bring, so we can wire transportation for you all. Every county in the State will be represented. If you cannot come select someone in your place.

"O. L. TAYLOR,

"Assistant State Director U. S. Public Service Reserve."

Any carpenter from Paris or the county desiring to engage in this patriotic work should apply at once to Mr. Lowry, at Lowry & May's for particulars by Saturday. Good wages and transportation assured.

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HARRY SIMON'S BIG Closing Out Sale!

WE ARE STILL KEPT BUSY accommodating our many customers with the rare bargains we have offered ever since the beginning of our **BIG CLOSING OUT SALE.** In addition to the great bargains we have already offered, we have added new lines of Fall and Winter Goods, which were bought before we decided to close out the Paris store, and as the goods have advanced from 30 to 50 per cent we have decided to give the public the benefit of the low prices which will be placed on all the new merchandise rather than give it to the manufacturers.

THE NEW STOCK CONSISTS OF

**Suits Coats
Dresses Skirts**

ALSO A LINE OF

Children's Coats and Dresses

HARRY SIMON

MAIN STREET, PARIS, KY.

Make the Coming Winter Hours As Cheerful as Possible

We can assist you in this if you will let us place in your home some of our exclusive designs of

Furniture and Rugs

It will mean much to you to have your surroundings as cheerful and snug and "homey" as possible, and you can do so at a very slight expense if you will make your selections from our very complete stocks. Always bear in mind that we are very particular as to the quality of our goods.

We shall be glad to see you.

**JUST A FEW PLACES LEFT IN OUR
McDOUGALL KITCHEN CABINET CLUB**

THE J. T. HINTON CO.

MOTOR HEARSE—MOTOR INVALID COACH—UNDERTAKING

"EITHERPHONE" 36

SIXTH AND MAIN STS

PUBLIC RENTING

OF

BLUE GRASS FARM LAND

On Monday, October 14, 1918

1254 acres of land owned by Mrs. Mary Harris Clay and C. M. Clay, located on the Winchester Pike 3 1-2 miles from Paris, will be rented publicly, at the Court House door in Paris, Ky., on

Monday, October 14th, at 2 O'clock

50 acres of Tobacco, 285 acres of corn, the balance Grass Land. Tobacco Land part virgin soil. The rest cultivated in tobacco this year.

—Prospective renters may inspect place at any time.

The Farm will be rented as a whole.

Also at the same time and place 50 acres of wheat land on the farm of John Harris Clay will be rented.

The contract for the renting will be read before the sale and the conditions in full made known at that time.

The Farms will be rented for one year. Possession given on March 1st, 1919.

For further particulars call

CUMBERLAND PHONE 118

or HOME PHONE 2018.

WRIGLEY'S

For
Victory
Buy
Liberty
Bonds

**We will win this war—
Nothing else really matters until we do!**



The Flavor Lasts

STATE SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION AT ASHLAND.

Preparation is being made at Ashland, for the Kentucky State Sunday School Association which will be held October 8 to 11, 1918.

This meeting will be a great event in the history of Kentucky, as every resource must be used to help win the war. The Sunday School is one of these resources. It has to do with maintaining the spiritual morale of the country.

Men and women of National reputation, will be there, among whom will be on the program:

Rev. S. D. Price, D. D., New York City, Secretary of the World's Sunday School Association; Mrs. Maude Junkin Baldwin, Chicago, Illinois, Superintendent Elementary Division, International Sunday School Association; Mr. W. C. Pearce, Chicago, Ill., Field Superintendent, International Sunday School Association; Rev. E. W. Halpenny, Toronto, Canada, Education Superintendent International Sunday School Association; Mr. J. R. Marcum, Huntington, W. Va., Leader of Boys; Rev. E. W. Thornton, Cincinnati, Ohio, Writer and Lecturer on Sunday School Topics; Miss Martha V. Graham, Wheeling, West Virginia, Elementary Sunday School Worker; Hon. W. C. McCullough, Cleveland,

Ohio, American Red Cross Representative.

Many State workers will appear on the program, among whom will be: Rev. J. A. Joplin, State Secretary and J. W. Vaughn, State Field Worker, and Miss Nannie Lee Frazier and other prominent Kentuckians.

Don't miss this meeting. God calls you, your country calls you, the children of your community call you to come to Ashland and help plan for a bigger and better drive to save the children of America. Attend this meeting in Ashland, it will give you new vim in this crucial time.

BRONCHIAL TROUBLE.

Mrs. A. E. Sidenberder, Rockfield, Ind., states: "For an attack of bronchial trouble which usually assails me in the spring I find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only thing that gives me relief. After using it for a few days all signs of bronchial trouble disappears." (adv-oct)

The Hardest Palm.

The hardest palm at all common in California's Trachycarpus excelsus, known as the windmill palm. Not alone is it hardy in withstanding low temperatures, but it is tough and will endure rough treatment.



GOVERNOR JAMES B. M'CREARY.

FORMER GOVERNOR M'CREARY PASSES OVER GREAT DIVIDE.

RICHMOND, KY., Oct. 8.—James B. McCreary, twice Governor of Kentucky, six years a Representative of his State in the United States Senate and for several consecutive terms a member of the lower house of Congress, died at his home here to-day after a brief illness.

Mr. McCreary was 80 years old. He was a member of the fiftieth, fifty-first, fifty-second, fifty-third and fifty-fourth Congresses and was elected to the United States Senate in 1902. His first election as Governor of Kentucky was in 1875. Thirty-six years later he was again a successful candidate for the same office. He was formerly president of the American Peace Society and was a delegate to the peace conference at The Hague some years ago.

He had the distinction of having occupied a place of prominence in the affairs of the State for a length of time probably not exceeded by any man in the history of the Commonwealth.

"Who's Who" says of him: "James Bennett McCreary, United States Senator, Kentucky, 1903-9; birth place, Madison County, Ky., July, 1838, son of E. R. and S. B. McCreary, graduate Center College, Ky., 1857, in law, Cumberland University, Tenn., 1859, married 1867, Kate Hughes, served in C. S. A., 1862-5 as Major and Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry, under Morgan and Breckinridge, member Kentucky House of Representatives, 1869, 1871, 1873, (Speaker, 1871-3), Governor of Kentucky, 1875-9, delegate to International Monetary Conference at Brussels 1891, member Congress 1885-95."

INFLUENZA SWEEPING COUNTRY WITH INCREASING RAPIDITY.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Sweeping westward with increasing rapidity the influenza epidemic in the 24 hours ending Saturday night claimed the heaviest toll of victims and deaths among the American troops in army camps and stations that has yet been recorded in a single day.

The number of new cases of influenza reached the high total of 17,333. This shows an increase of nearly 5,000 more than reported for the previous 24 hours. The new cases of pneumonia numbered 2,141, whereas the figures for the day before were 1,854.

The deaths reported aggregated 643, which is the largest number of casualties from the disease by more than 250 in any single twenty-four-hour period since the beginning of the contagion.

The reports received at the office of the Surgeon General further indicate that the malady already has developed most threatening proportions in the Middle West and is rapidly approaching the Pacific Coast.

For the time being the national menace presented by the epidemic has caused the Surgeon General of the army, the United States Public Health Service and the Red Cross to be placed in practical command of America's war activities.

Their combined energies, extending from the national capital in a nation-wide health and sanitation warfare against the spread of the malady, are being directed to accomplish these three major purposes:

1. To keep up the supply of American troops to General Pershing in undiminished numbers.

2. To maintain without diminution the vast war work being carried on at the shipping yards, munitions plants and kindred industries.

3. To safeguard the health of the civilian population so as to prevent any undue interference with the general "win-the-war" program, including the fourth liberty loan, in which the high-spirited co-operation of every citizen is vital.

With respect to the first main problem General March, Chief of Staff, made the gratifying public announcement Saturday that there has been no reduction in the number or speed with which our re-enforcements for General Pershing are being sent across the sea.

"The shipping of American troops during the last month," said General March, "has continued over 250,000 despite the general epidemic of influenza all over the country, in military camps as well as in civil life. In sending men abroad we are selecting men who have neither had the disease nor been exposed to it. This has made necessary some readjustments, but the flow of troops is, as I have stated, over 250,000 for the past month."

General March further announced that the entire number of troops embarked from the United States is now more than 1,850,000.

Calls for assistance were received from Chicago, Minneapolis and other cities of the Middle West, showing the course of the epidemic, and its further rapid progress to the coast is now seriously threatened.

Influenza germs that are ravaging the United States are the descendants

of influenza germs that baffled the doctors in the year 1403.

They appeared first in Italy, and doctors of that period attributed the disease to the influence of the stars. So they called it "influenza."

Influenza has scourged the world often since then.

In 1557 the sittings of the Paris law courts were suspended on account of it; in 1427 sermons in churches were suspended because of the sneezing and coughing; in 1510 masses could not be sung.

There were epidemics of influenza in 1580, 1676, 1703, 1732 and 1737, and when they stopped earthquakes and volcanic eruptions were given the credit. Descriptions of the symptoms correspond exactly to the symptoms present in influenza victims today.

After a long rest, influenza reappeared suddenly in 1899. Although scattered epidemics were reported in Central Asia, Canada and Greenland, in May of that year, and the disease started its march around the world in the middle of October from Tomsk in Siberia, and, therefore, became known as Russian influenza.

By the end of October it reached Petrograd. During November all of Russia became affected and cases were reported in Paris, Berlin and London. By December all of Europe was in the clutches of influenza and also a large area of the United States.

The back of the epidemic was not broken in Europe and the United States until March, 1890, but it continued its progress around the world. By the end of the year it had traversed the entire globe.

— Buy MORE Bonds —

MICKIE SAYS

NO, SIR, MICHAEL O'BRIEN YOU CAN'T GO DOWN TO THE TRAIN TO GATHER NEWS ITEMS FOR THE PAPER, FOR YOU'RE GOING TO CHURCH WITH ME. I SHOULD THINK YOU'D GET ENOUGH OF THAT PRINTING OFFICE DURING THE WEEK WITHOUT HAVING IT ON YOUR MIND ALL DAY SUNDAY!



It is Time To Be Thinking About Heat For the Winter

COAL IS SCARCE

You will have to depend largely on gas. We have a full line of the celebrated

**Wilson
Odorless Heaters**

to select from, Start early.

LOWRY & MAY

TO THE FARMERS

of Bourbon County

**We Invite All Farmers of
Bourbon County to See
the Wonderful**

CLEVELAND TRACTOR

If you are interested in better and more economical farming, come in and see what this little wonder is doing for others.

**We Can Demonstrate
it to You Any Day**

C. S. BALL GARAGE

Cor. Fourth and Pleasant Sts.

Prompt Payment of Telephone Bills a Patriotic Duty.

Good business practice demands the prompt payment of bills. This, however, is not the reason you should pay your telephone bills promptly, since we are under the control of the United States Government. There is a patriotic duty involved.

Will you not, then, aid us in operating this property economically and efficiently by paying your bills promptly?

PARIS HOME TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

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**Send That Next Job of Printing to The
Bourbon News. Best Work; Right Prices**

Postum

Good Friend of the
Coffee Drinker

Coffee often disagrees
with the best of us

When you find it wise to
stop coffee for a few days
on account of disturbed digestion or too much "nerves,"
switch to Postum and note
the result.

Many people who love their
coffee follow this plan with
excellent results.

Postum comes in two forms:
Postum Cereal which must be
boiled, and Instant Postum,
made in the cup in a moment.
They are equally delicious
and the cost per cup is about
the same.

"There's a Reason"

Yes! Everybody Takes Cascarets

Only 10 cents! Harmless
cathartic for sluggish
liver and bowels

Feel bully! Cheer up! Take Cascarets to live your liver and clean the bowels and stop headaches, biliousness, bad breath, coated tongue, salivaceous, sour stomach and gases. To-night take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand—Everybody's doing it. Cascarets best laxative for children. They gladly take this pleasant candy cathartic because it never gripes or sickens like other purges.

Buy MORE Bonds

What Makes the Rumble of Thunder?

Why does thunder rumble? The path of a lightning flash through the air may be several miles in length. All along this path the sudden expansion of the heated air—a true explosion—sets up an atmospheric wave which spreads in all directions and eventually registers upon our ears as thunder. Since the lightning discharge is almost instantaneous, the sound wave is produced at very nearly the same time along the whole path. But the sound wave travels slowly through the air. Its speed is approximately 1,090 feet per second. Thus the sound from the part of the lightning's path that is nearest to us reaches us first, and that from other parts of the path afterward, according to their distance. Intermittent flashes and booming effects are due chiefly to irregularities in the shape of the path.—Popular Science Monthly.

Buy MORE Bonds

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get
at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

CALLS ON FARMERS TO BACK UP SONS

GRANGE HEAD SEES BONDS AS
ONLY MEDIUM THROUGH
WHICH PEACE MAY
BE HAD.

By L. J. Tabor,
Master Ohio State Grange.

We are in the midst of the greatest financial task of history. A task that will test the patriotism and tax to some degree the resources of the nation, but a task that can and will be gloriously accomplished.

Upon the farmers of the nation rests a heavy responsibility. The production of the food necessary to win the war is wholly upon the shoulders of the tillers of the soil. He must also do his full duty in providing the sinews of war that are so vital to victory.

More than eighty thousand sons of farmers in this district are wearing the uniform of their country. Thousands more will soon be in camp. To help protect his loved ones, to support the country whose institutions have blessed him, to shorten the period of bloodshed and to hasten victory every farmer in the Fourth Federal Reserve district should purchase Liberty Bonds to the very limit.

Let there be no slackers dollars in the hands of our farmers. Let us make our motto for the Fourth Liberty Loan Drive "Another bond in every farm home in the district."

The organized farmers have earnestly striven to respond to every request and every call of the government. Let every grange member and every farmer render all possible assistance to the cause so near to the hearts of all. The successful termination of the great bond drive now on will be one more indication that the sacrifice and suffering of the present will soon terminate in Victory and Peace.

Is Uncle Sam's Credit As Good As Kaiser's?

Did you know that Germany had launched her Ninth War Loan?

She did recently. She offers it at 5 per cent. She probably will raise all she asks.

It is in our hands to show Germany with the Fourth Liberty Loan just what the difference is between Germans and Americans.

Buy MORE Bonds

REMARKABLE DELIVERANCE OF JUDGE MAKES CLEAR MEAN- ING OF LOYALTY

(Continued from Page 1)

would try to build up inside of yourself a whole group of feelings for the United States the same as you felt towards the Fatherland when you left Germany. There have been a good many Germans before me in the last month. It has been an impressive trial. They have lived in this country, like yourself, ten, twenty, thirty, forty years; and they had to give their evidence through an interpreter. And as I looked at them and tried as best I could to understand them, there was written all over every one of them, "Made in Germany." American life had not dimmed that mark in the least. It stood there as bright and fresh as the inscription upon a new coin. I do not blame you and these men alone. I blame myself. I blame my country. We urged you to come. We welcomed you; we gave you opportunity; we gave you land; we conferred upon you the diadem of American citizenship—and then we left you. We paid no attention to what you have been doing.

And now the world war has thrown a searchlight upon our national life, and what have we discovered? We find all over these United States, in groups, little Germanies, little Italies, little Australias, little Norways, little Russias. These foreign people have thrown a circle about themselves, and instead of keeping the oath they took that they would try to grow American souls inside of them, they have studiously striven to exclude everything American and to cherish everything foreign. A clever gentleman wrote a romance called "America, the Melting Pot." It appealed to our vanity, and through all these years we have been seeing romance instead of fact. That is the awful truth. The figure of my country stands beside you to-day. It says to me: Do not blame this man alone. I am partly to blame. Punish him for his offense, but at the same time know that I see things in a new light, that a new era has come. Punish him to teach him, and the like of him, and all those who have been misled by him and his like, that a change has come; that there must be an interpretation anew of the oath of allegiance. It has been in the past nothing but a formula of words. From this time on it must be translated into living characters incarnate in the life of every foreigner who has his dwelling place in our midst. If they have been cherishing foreign history, foreign ideals, foreign loyalty, it must be stopped, and they must begin at once, all over again, to cherish American thought, American history, American ideals.

That means something that is to be done in your daily life. It does not mean simply that you will not take up arms against the United States. It goes deeper far than that. It means that you will live for the United States, and that you will cherish and grow American souls inside of you. It means that you will take down from the walls of your homes the picture of the Kaiser and put up the picture of Washington; that you will take down the picture of Bismarck and hang up the picture of Lincoln. It means that you will begin to sing American songs; that you will begin earnestly to study American history; that you will begin to open your lives through every avenue to the influence of American life. It means that you will begin first of all to learn English, the language of this country, so that there may be a door into your souls through which American life may enter.

I am not so simple as to entertain the idea that racial habits and qualities can be put aside by the will in a day, in a year, in a generation; but because that is difficult is all the more reason why you should get about it and quit cherishing a foreign life. If half the effort had been put forth in these foreign communities to build up an American life in the hearts of these foreign-born citizens that has been put forth to perpetuate a foreign life, our situation would have been entirely different from what it is to-day. You have violated your oath of allegiance in this: You have cherished foreign ideals and tried to make them everlasting. That is the basic wrong of these thousands of little islands of foreigners that have been formed through our whole limits, that, instead of trying to build up an American life in them, they have striven studiously from year to year to stifle American life and to make foreignness perpetual. That is disloyalty. And the object, one of the big objects, of this serious proceeding in this court, and other like proceedings in other courts, is to give notice that they must be stopped.

I have seen before my eyes another day of judgment. When we get through with this war, and civil liberty is made safe once more upon this earth, there is going to be a day of judgment in these United States. Foreign-born citizens and the institutions which have cherished foreignness are going to be brought to the judgment bar of this Republic. That day of judgment looks more to me to-day like the great Day of Judgment than anything that I have thought of for many years. There is going to be a separation on that day of the sheep from the goats. Every institution that has been engaged in this business of making foreignness perpetual in the United States will have to change or cease. That is going to cut deep, but it is coming.

I recognize the right of foreign-born citizens to hear their religion, if they cannot understand it in English, spoken to them in the tongue that they can understand. If they have not yet acquired enough English to read, they are entitled to have a paper that shall speak to them in the language that they can understand. I cannot go further than that. And this is the capital thing that is going to be settled on that day of judgment, namely, that the right to those things is temporary, and it cannot be enjoyed by anybody who is not willing to regard it as temporary and to set about earnestly making the time of that enjoyment as short

as possible. That means a fundamental revision of these foreign churches. No freedom of the press in these United States. It won't protect any press or any church which, while it is trying to meet a temporary need, does not set itself earnestly about the business of making that temporary situation just as temporary as possible, and not making it, as has been true in the past, just as near perpetual as possible. Men who are not willing to do that will have to choose. If they prefer to cherish foreign ideals, they will find, if necessary, we will cancel every certificate of citizenship in these United States. The Federal Government has power to deal with that subject and it is going to deal with it. Nothing else than that surely can be possible. And the object of the sentence which I pronounce upon you to-day is not alone to punish you for the disloyalty of which you have been guilty, but to serve notice upon you, and the like of you, and all of the groups of people in this district who have been cherishing foreignness, that the end of that regime has come. It is a call to every one of you to set about earnestly the growing of an American soul inside of you.

The Court finds and adjudges that you are guilty under each count of the indictment, and as a punishment therefor it is further adjudged that you be imprisoned in the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth for the term of three years. The sentences under the three counts of the indictment are to run concurrently and not successively.

CATARH CAN NOT BE CURED

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
All Druggists, 75c.

(adv-ect)

SAVE THE PEACH STONES, PITS AND SHELLS.

A request has been issued by the United States Food Administration to save all peach stones, prune pits, date seeds, Brazil nut shells, plum pits, apricot pits, walnut shells, olive pits, butternut shells, cherry pits and other such refuse.

Merchants have been applied to by the Food Administration to help this saving. They have been asked to have receptacles placed in their stores, accompanied by a sign or placard calling attention to the Government's request. A box has been placed by Dr. and Mrs. Frank M. Faries, in front of the law office of Judge Harmon Stitt, on Broadway, and others should be placed at convenient places throughout the city for the same purpose.

The Government gives this reason for asking the saving of stones, etc.: "Only the best gas masks will save our soldiers from a painful death. These masks cannot be made without good charcoal. Wood charcoal has proved deficient. The necessary charcoal can be made from the shells and pits indicated above. Enormous quantities of these are needed at once. The Government needs every one of these stones and pits and must have them immediately. Everyone is earnestly urged to help in this work by saving and storing the stones and pits."

Buy MORE Bonds

CAN NOW EAT AND SLEEP IN COMFORT.

If troubled with indigestion or sleeplessness you should read what Miss Agnes Turner, Chicago, Ill., has to say: "Overwork, irregular meals and carelessness regarding the ordinary rules of health, gradually undermined it until last fall I became a wreck of my former self. I suffered from continual headache, was unable to digest my food, which seemed to lay as a dead weight on my stomach. I was very constipated and my complexion became dark, yellow and muddy as I felt. Sleeplessness was added to my misery, and I would awake as tired as when I went to sleep. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and found such relief after taking them that I kept up the treatment for nearly two months. They cleansed my stomach, invigorated my system, and since that time I can eat and sleep in comfort. I am to-day entirely well!"

(adv-ect)

Careful of Speech.
"Is the faculty of your college well organized?" "Very. We haven't a single professor who would dare to make a statement of fact without first having it approved by a trust magnate or a corporation lawyer."—Life.

Buy MORE Bonds

A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN

Do you know that a beautiful woman always has a good digestion? If your digestion is faulty, eat light of meats, and take an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets to strengthen your digestion. Price 25c.

(adv-ect)

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

PRESERVE THE LEATHER

LIQUIDS AND PASTES
FOR BLACK WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES
THE F. D. DALLEY CORPORATION, LTD., BUFFALO, N.Y.

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SATISFACTION OUR WATCHWORD!

With all the latest improvements in laundry appliances and expert helpers we are prepared to do work inferior to none, and solicit your patronage.

The Bourbon Laundry

Paris, Kentucky

A MAN AND HIS WIFE



may both derive satisfaction by having their worn and soiled garments cleaned by us. The cost is nominal, while the pleasure of wearing old clothes that have the appearance of new, in conjunction with the knowledge that you are effecting a great thing, must surely satisfy you. A phone brings us.

LEVY, THE DRY CLEANER

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BOTH PHONES—DAY 137; NIGHT 299

Corner Fifth and Pleasant Streets, Paris, Ky

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BARBER SHOP

Prompt and Courteous Attention to Patrons.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

BRIGHTER EVENINGS



Do You Need Glasses?

Let us make a thorough, scientific examination of your eyes, based on ethical grounds, not to recommend glasses unless you need them. Ask yourself these questions: "Do I have headaches, nervous spells, drawn, tired eyes? Does type sometimes blur? Do I see spots before my eyes?" Answer fairly and squarely, for your own good, for over-strain repeatedly by day will break down the delicate nerves and muscles of the eyes and irreparable injury may result. Our years of experience insures accurate results.

Nothing adds to the pleasures of a home, or makes life more worth living, than a well illuminated house.

Use Electricity For Lighting

It's the only satisfactory way.

Use Gas For Heating and Cooking

It's the only sensible plan.

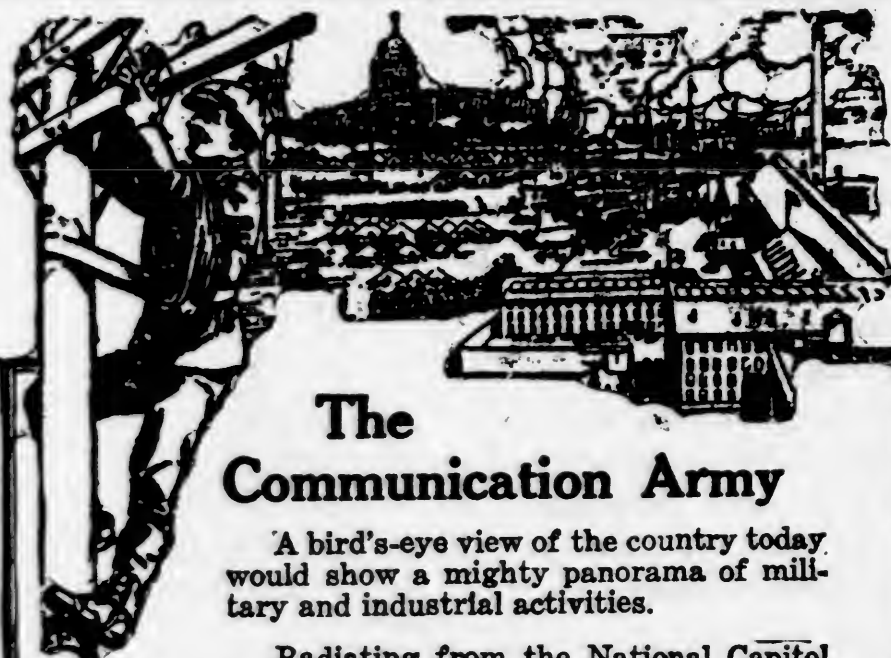
Let Us Fix You Up
For the Use of Both
Electricity and Gas.

Dr. Wm. Riley Franklin

Suite 205-6 First National Bank,
Both Phones, Paris, Ky.

Paris Gas & Electric Co.

(Incorporated)



The Communication Army

A bird's-eye view of the country today would show a mighty panorama of military and industrial activities.

Radiating from the National Capitol and from the army and navy centers throughout the land would appear the thousands of telephone lines by which all these vast enterprises are directed and co-ordinated—a veritable maze of wires linking together the camps, yards, fortifications, plants and offices, and swarming with linemen, cablemen and installers, busy with Uncle Sam's existing and ever-increasing demands for telephone service.

All this is but a part of the vast work which the Bell system is doing, but among the unforeseen conditions which the war has imposed upon us is the necessity of practically suspending the commercial development of our business.

Confronted with an abnormal increase in the use of the telephone and an unprecedented demand for new and additional service, we cannot accept or fill orders except subject practically to an indefinite delay. This situation is due to the importance of conserving our supplies so that the government's requirements may be promptly met at any time a request is made.

At a time like this, we believe the public will appreciate a frank statement of the situation and will join us in our efforts to serve the government first and efficiently.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE
AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated



MILLERSBURG

Mrs. W. G. Dailey improves slowly.

Mrs. R. C. Borner is ill with the flu.

Mrs. J. C. Leer is confined to her home with illness.

Miss Marguerite W. Allen left Wednesday for Martha Washington College, Washington, D. C.

Mr. R. B. McWhorter, of Lexington, is quite ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Emmett Mastin.

D. P. Jones, M. E. Pruitt and C. W. Corrington, have returned after a few days business trip to Cincinnati.

Mrs. G. W. Judy returned Wednesday after a several days' visit to her nephew, Mr. F. J. Savage and wife, at Paris.

Miss Folsom McGuire, principal of the Graded School, returned to her home at Lexington Tuesday, where she will remain until the school is ordered to reopen.

Miss Mary Miller returned to her home at Atlanta, Ga., Tuesday, after a protracted visit to her brother, Dr. W. M. Miller, and family. She was accompanied by her brother, Mr. Raymond Miller, of Pueblo, Colo., who has been in the Miller home for a week.

Mrs. G. R. Huffman, of Camp Sill, Okla., arrived Saturday as the guest of her aunt, Mrs. O. M. Johnson. Lieut. Huffman is taking a special three weeks' course in training camp in Michigan, after which he hopes to get a short furlough for a few days visit with relatives in Millersburg. He will then return to Camp Sill, accompanied by his wife.

The Millersburg Graded School closed Tuesday. The M. C. has quarantined against all day students. The boarding students will keep up their classes. The M. M. I. has quarantined against everyone, no one is allowed to leave or enter the grounds. The Majestic picture theatre is closed. There will be no services or schools in the churches on Sunday. No lodge meeting next week. Everyone is doing all they can to assist in stamping out the much-dreaded "flu."

The Millersburg Military Institute is free of all kinds of sickness. Col. Best began last week to take every precaution. He has dismissed all day pupils—keeping all boarding cadets, teachers and servants on the grounds, has the doctor look promptly after every incipient cold or minor indisposition. Miss Margaret Woods, the well known trained nurse, is here to be on hand in case of necessity. The grounds and buildings are in thorough sanitary condition. Every precaution is being taken. All visitors and parents are requested to keep away. Should any cases of influenza develop parents will be notified at once. Col. Best believes with the hearty co-operation of students, servants, faculty and parents the school may escape. At least no efforts will be spared to that end.

RED CROSS NOTES—Having had orders from headquarters to continue the war work until we have instructions to stop, we will work on surgical dressings on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons at 2 o'clock. Please do not come if you have a cold.

Anyone sewing on hospital pajamas, please bring to the work room. A box of knitting will be shipped on Oct. 15. Bring articles to Mrs. C. B. Smith. The Governor is asking for 5,000 tons of tin to meet the immediate industrial needs. If you have any of the following, bring same to the work room at M. C.: Platinum, tinfoil, leadfoil, combination foil, old pewter articles collapsible tubes, such as old tooth paste tubes, (tin cans not wanted.) The Red Cross is also collecting materials to be used in the manufacture of carbon, any of the following, if sound, no matter how old, will be accepted, if brought to the work room at M. C.: Peach stones, apricot, plum, olive, cherry pits, date seeds, Brazil walnuts, English walnuts, hickory nuts, and butter nut shells.

MATRIMONIAL.

FISHER—DIEHL.

Miss Elizabeth Fisher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fisher, of near Paris, and Mr. Emil Diehl, of Newport, were married recently at the Corpus Christi Church in Newport. The bride is an attractive young woman, with many friends in this city and county. The groom is engaged in business in Newport.

McKEE—DICKERSON.

Rev. W. E. Ellis, pastor of the Paris Christian Church, officiated at a surprise wedding Tuesday night, when he pronounced the ceremony that united Miss Daisy McKee, of this city, and Corporal Chas. Dickerson, of the Aberdeen Proving Grounds, near Havre de Grace, Md., in marriage.

The ceremony was performed at the home of the bridegroom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Dickerson, on Pleasant Street, at 7:30 o'clock, only the immediate relatives of the bride and the groom being present as witnesses.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Amanda McKee, of Paris. For some time she has been bookkeeper at the plumbing establishment of John J. Connelley, in which position she made friends by her courtesy and attention to business. The groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Dickerson, and is stationed at the Aberdeen Proving Grounds, in Maryland, where he is identified with the Engineers' Corps of the army service. Before his induction into the army he was associated with his father in the automobile business in this city. He is an expert machinist and fine young man. Corporal and Mrs. Dickerson will spend a part of their honeymoon in this city, being for the present guests at the Dickerson home.

DEATHS.

PENDLETON.

The funeral of Hattie Virginia Pendleton, aged ten months, who died Monday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Spears, Pendleton, was held Tuesday morning at ten o'clock. Services were conducted at the grave in the Paris Cemetery by Rev. W. E. Ellis, pastor of the Paris Christian Church.

YOUNG.

Miss Nettie E. Young, aged thirty-two, died of pneumonia, in Cincinnati, Wednesday. She was a sister of Mrs. W. F. Carter, of Paris. She is survived, besides her sister Mrs. Carter, by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Young, of Lexington, four sisters and two brothers. The funeral and burial will take place in Lexington today.

JONES.

Elmer Jones, aged thirty-seven, was killed in Cynthiana by a fall from a buggy, his skull being fractured. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Jones, of Cynthiana, and a brother of Mrs. Luther Smith, of Paris.

The funeral was held in Cynthiana Wednesday with services conducted by Rev. J. P. Strother. The burial followed in Battle Grove Cemetery, at Cynthiana.

POWELL.

The funeral of Mrs. Trinnie Fritts Powell, who died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Clark Fritts, in Lexington, was held Tuesday morning. Services were held at the grave in the Paris Cemetery, the funeral party coming on a special interurban car. Dr. J. M. Walker, of Lexington, conducted the services. The pallbearers were: W. S. Bacon, Thomas Edister, Lewis Young, H. H. Jones, Bruce Jones and E. E. West.

Mrs. Powell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fritts, formerly resided in Paris.

SPEARS.

The body of Mrs. Helen Williams Spears, widow of the late Mr. Wm. F. Spears, formerly of Paris, who died in Chattanooga, Tenn., Sunday, arrived in Paris Tuesday, and was taken to the Paris Cemetery. Services were held at the grave in the Paris Cemetery Tuesday morning conducted by Rev. W. E. Ellis, pastor of the Paris Christian Church. The pallbearers were: John Spears, Woodford Spears, James Daugherty, Charles Stephens and Garrard Daugherty.

Mrs. Spears was formerly Miss Helen Williams, of Paris, a sister of the late Col. Sam Williams, for many years associate editor of the Paris True Kentuckian. During her residence in Paris she resided at the Spears home on Mt. Airy Avenue.

She was a highly cultured woman, one whose friends and acquaintances were numbered by the score. She is survived by six children, five daughters and one son.

CLARK.

William Preston Clark, aged twenty-four, a cousin of Messrs. Omar and Foster Lytle, of Paris, died in the Base Hospital at Camp Meade, Md., Monday, after a short illness of Spanish influenza. He was a native of Fleming County, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Clark, of near Mt. Carmel, in that county.

Young Clark entered the service of his country about two months ago, being a member of the draft contingent from Fleming County that was sent to Camp Zachary Taylor. From there he was transferred to Camp Meade, Md., where he contracted the disease which brought about his death. He was married on June 24 to Miss Mary Arnyl Cornish, of Jessamine County, a former student at Bourbon College in this city. Mrs. Clark only recently concluded a visit to friends and relatives in this city and county.

He is survived by his wife Mrs. Mary A. Clark; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Clark, of Mason County; one brother, Mr. Elmo Clark, of Illinois, and one sister, Mrs. Arnold, of Fleming County.

The body was shipped from Camp Meade to his old home. The funeral was held at Mt. Carmel, in Fleming County, yesterday, with military honors paid at the grave in the Mt. Carmel Cemetery. Mr. Omar C. Lytle and Mr. Foster Lytle, both of Paris, attended the funeral and burial.

CHINN.

Spanish influenza claimed another Bourbon County soldier at Camp Taylor, Sunday, when the life of Harry H. Chinn, Jr., of near Centerville, went out in the supreme sacrifice in the service of his country.

Young Chinn was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey H. Chinn, of Jacksonville, and a young man of great promise. He had been engaged in farming before being called to the colors to which he responded with a glad heart and a willing, patriotic purpose. He was a member of one of the Bourbon County draft contingents which went early in the Spring to Camp Taylor, and was in active training for overseas service when stricken with influenza.

The body was brought to Paris Tuesday afternoon, and taken to the J. T. Hinton Co. undertaking establishment, later being taken to the family home near Jacksonville. The funeral was held at the grave in the Jacksonville Cemetery Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with services conducted by Rev. J. R. Jones. The pallbearers were: J. N. Kendall, J. W. Hawkins, H. C. Patterson, A. K. Hawkins, R. Q. Ward, H. L. Faulkner and Stuart Shropshire.

As the casket, covered with a large floral design representing an American flag resting on a blanket of smilax, was borne to the grave, a detachment of Boy Scouts stood at attention while the muffled drums of the Liberty Drum and Bugle Corps beat a soldier's tattoo. Hardin Lucas, at the close of the service, recited the beautiful song-poem, "Not Dead, Just Away." As the casket was being lowered into its last resting place the solemn notes of "taps" played by Wm. M. Talbott, signified the close of

life's fitful fever for another young patriot. Before leaving the Boy Scouts draped the grave with American flags.

County officials, members of the Bourbon County Draft Board and members of the Patriotic Citizens' League attended the funeral, as did a large representation of citizens from Georgetown, Paris and every precinct in the county.

ADAIR.

A telegram was received here yesterday by Mrs. Leer Stout from the hospital authorities at Camp Zachary Taylor announcing the death in the Base Hospital there of Charles D. Adair, formerly of Paris, of Spanish influenza, after a short illness.

The body will be brought from the camp to the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Candace Smith, on Seventh Street today. The funeral arrangements had not been completed last night but the funeral will probably be held this afternoon with burial in the family lot in the Paris Cemetery.

Mr. Adair was the youngest son of Mrs. Alpha Adair, formerly of Paris. His father, Mr. Albert C. Adair, was for years manager of the Western Union Telegraph Co., and City Clerk of Paris. Young Adair had made his home in Cincinnati for several years, where he had been engaged in business with a large concern. His elder brother, Mr. Bruce Adair, preceded him to the grave several years ago. He enlisted in the army service while in Cincinnati and was sent to Camp Zachary Taylor. He was a quiet, studious but energetic young man, with a host of friends here who sincerely mourn his passing.

BUTLER.

Private Grover Butler, aged twenty-seven, a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Butler, of Paris, died in the Base Hospital at Camp Meade, Md., Tuesday morning at three o'clock, after a short illness due to Spanish influenza. The information of Private Butler's death came to relatives in Paris in a telegram from Mr. W. O. Butler, who was present at his son's bedside when the end came.

Private Butler answered his country's call in the early summer following the tragic death of his wife who was burned to death by the explosion of an oil stove at their home in Paris. Mr. Butler waived all exemption claims and was accepted. At that time he had closed out his livery business and was engaged in farming. He was reclassified in the draft and went to Ft. Thomas with a contingent of draftees from Bourbon County. From there he was transferred to Camp Meade, Md. He was a young man of many sterling qualities and had many warm friends in the city and county who heard with sincere regret the news of his death.

He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Butler, five brothers, Richard, David, Elihu and Theodore Butler, all of Bourbon County, and Henry Butler, of Latonia; three sisters, Mrs. John Butler, of Covington, Mrs. J. L. Butler, of Frankfort, and Mrs. W. H. Sharp, of Lexington.

In paying the supreme sacrifice in the service of his country the name of Grover Butler will be added to that roll of honor of patriots who have done their full duty and whose sacrifice to disease rather than in the heat of battle renders them none the less dear in memory to those who remain.

Information was received here yesterday stating that the body would be shipped from the camp to Paris, leaving there late yesterday afternoon and probably arriving here tonight. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.

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PROTESTS TOO MUCH

Like the lady of ancient lore, Dr. Bruner protests too much. There ought not to be any doubt of his loyalty, but his continual and vehement assertions of it creates the impression that he himself feels that he must keep it before the people, who, he seems to think, are dubious on the subject. We are willing to admit that the doctor is 100 per cent loyal, but if he keeps up the racket of assurance, we will begin to think that there are doubts of it.

Queen Alexandra opened a Y. M. C. A. Hut in London recently and as she was going from the place she noticed a pile of khaki Y. M. C. A. Testaments. Picking up one she inquired the price. When told it was a shilling she smilingly intimated she had not money. The attendant, however, begged her to accept the book as a gift and she carried it away as a memento.

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"I believe in the United States of America as a Government of the people, by the people, for the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign nation of many sovereign States; a perfect union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes. I, therefore, believe it is my duty to my country to love it; to support its Constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag; and to defend it against all enemies."

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WOULD HALT WAR GOSSIP.

(Rocky Mountain News.)

In some of the knitting circles of the country a rule has been established that when a knitter speaks concerning anything except the work in hand she must pay a fine of 5 cents. We think this is altogether too hard a rule and that it should be modified to the extent of making an offender pay only when she gossips about something which may hurt the country and help the enemy.

Several of the departments of the Government, as they are constituted in war time, are bending their efforts to stop the kind of gossip which hurts the cause of the country. The ladies—with the usual God bless them—have been offenders in this respect, while the men, without any particular blessing for them, have kept their tongue clacking company. The Committee on Public Information, which also is an American Propaganda Committee, has felt it necessary to urge and urge again that no depressing stories be told in sewing circles or elsewhere, and that no heart be allowed to tire, even though its beating keeps time to the needle clicking off ten miles of knitting.

SOMEBODY LIED.

(St. Louis Republic.)

One of the favorite excuses of the German military critics for the defeats which the German army is suffering is that the German command miscalculated the number of Poch's reserves, and some of them say plainly that the high command underestimated the extent of the American contribution to that reserve.

In this country it has been the theory all along that the German army headquarters knew all about the Americans and had them counted to the man. The stories they told the German people about the insignificance of American intervention were set down as deliberate falsehoods designed to keep up the spirit of the nation.

Is it really true that Hindenburg and Ludendorff were deceived and that they did not believe the United States could land or had landed an army in France?

If so, then who has been lying to Hindenburg and Ludendorff?

BASEBALL PLAYERS WEAR GAS MASKS.

American soldiers are wearing gas masks when they play base ball overseas. Both players and spectators wore gas masks at a game recently arranged by the Army Y. M. C. A. Physical Directors in France. They brought bats and balls by auto truck to the men in the front line in France.



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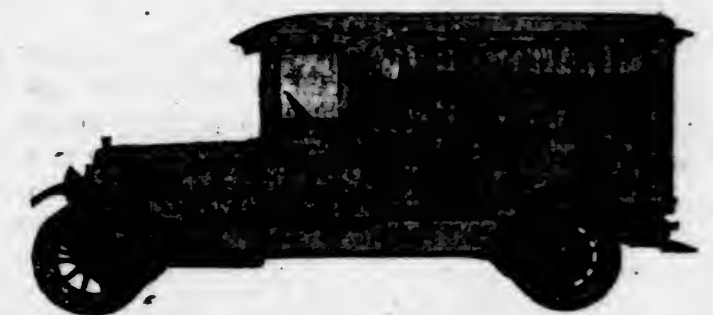
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LABOR'S SHARE IN WAR.

(Pittsburg Gazette Times.)

Though the German Emperor surpassed himself in hypocrisy when addressing the workmen at the Krupp munitions factories, his speech contained much that should be weighed by every American. At the bottom the Kaiser pleaded with labor of all kinds to stand behind his armies and exert themselves to the last ounce of their power that victory might be achieved by the German sword. He confessed absolute dependence of the country on its loyal workmen. If they fail for any reason to perform their allotted tasks Germany will lose the war. How serious is the unrest among the workers may be judged from the appearance of the Kaiser in the shops. What effect his plea will have remains to be demonstrated. But the fact for our contemplation is that, exactly to the extent that the German armies depend on the support of all kinds of labor at home, so do the American armies depend on labor in the United States to back

them up and make it possible for them to drive on against the enemy until he is crushed. We are all war workers, however we may be placed, or we are disloyal. It is country against country, people against people. Every American must do his part toward winning the war or he will help Germany win it.

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COW TIES TAIL IN TREE

Harold Kirk, a farmer living south of Bellefontaine, Pa., missed one of his best cows at evening milking time. Next morning he went to a piece of woodland bordering the pasture field and found sookie tied fast to a sapling by her tail. She had evidently been switching flies and her tail caught around the sapling in such a way she could not pull it loose. She had been fast eighteen hours and was almost famished, but with proper handling soon recovered.

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Ladies' Mahogany Tan English Boots, cloth tops to match, at.....	\$3.95	Men's Gun Metal Walk-Over, English.....	\$3.49
Ladies' Gun Metal English Boots military heel, at.....	\$3.49	Men's and Boys' E. J. Best Wearing Shoes, heavy flexible soles.....	\$4.00
Ladies' Gun Metal, button, low heel, at.....	\$2.49	Boys' Tan Home Guard Shoes at.....	\$3.49

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